

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Jagdish Chand Agrawal Chairman Mr. Bipin Chand Agarwal Director Mr. Nikhil Bansal Director cum Chief Financial Officer Ms. Kshama Agarwal Whole time Director Mr. Rajeev Mittal Director Mr. Prem Pal Director Mr. Manoj Agarwal Director

STATUTORY AUDITORS

B G G & Associates Chartered Accountants, New Delhi

INTERNAL AUDITOR Mr. Moolchand

SECRETARIAL AUDITOR ATG & Co. Company Secretaries, New Delhi

REGISTERED OFFICE

Goldedge Estate And Investments Limited C-115, Mansarovar Garden Ground Floor New Delhi-110015 Ph. No. – 011-25193268 E-mail: goldedgeestate2016@gmail.com Website: <u>www.goldedgeestate.in</u> CIN: L70101DL1992PLC047541

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

Skyline Financial Services Private Limited D-153A, 1st Floor, Okhla Industrial Area Phase- 1, , New Delhi-110020 Tel: 011-26812682-83, Fax: 011-26812682, E-Mail ID: admin@skylinerta.com,

Website: www.skylinerta.com

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NOTICE OF 31STANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 31st(Thirty-First)Annual General Meeting of the members of **Goldedge Estate And Investments Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Company")** will be held on Thursday, the 28thday of September, 2023 at 12:00 Noon (IST) through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"), to transact the following business:

Ordinary Business:

 To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements (both Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements) of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2023 together with the Reports of the Auditors and Board of Directors thereon and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"**RESOLVED THAT** the Audited Financial Statements (both Standalone and Consolidated Financial Statements) of the Company for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2023 together with the Reports of the Auditors and Board of Directors thereon as circulated to the members, be and are hereby received, considered and adopted."

2. To consider the appointment of a Director in place of Mr. Bipin Chand Agarwal (DIN: 01015798), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as **an Ordinary Resolution**.

"RESOLVED THAT in accordance with the provisions of Section 152 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Bipin Chand Agarwal (DIN: 01015798), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation.

By Order of the Board of Directors For Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited

> Jagdish Chand Agrawal Chairman DIN: 01898337

Place : New Delhi **Date :** 26/08/2023

NOTES:

- 1. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India (the "MCA") vide its General Circulars No. 14/2020, No. 17/2020, No. 20/2020 and No. 10/2022 dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020, May 5, 2020and December 28, 2022 respectively and (hereinafter, collectively referred as the "MCA Circulars") read with the SEBI Circulars No. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD2/CIR/P/2023/120 dated July 11, 2023, is issued in supersession of earlier circulars issued by SEBI bearing Nos. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79, No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11, No. SEBI/HO/ CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 and SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/4 dated May 12, 2020, January 15, 2021, May 13, 2022 and January 5, 2023, respectively, (hereinafter, collectively referred as the "SEBI Circulars" and together with the MCA Circulars referred as the "Circulars") has allowed companies to conduct their annual general meetings through Video Conferencing ("VC") or Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"), thereby, dispensing with the requirement of physical attendance of the members at their AGMs and accordingly, the **31stAnnual General** Meeting (the "AGM" or the "31stAGM" or the "Meeting") of Goldedge Estate And Investments Limited will be held through VC or OAVM in compliance with the Circulars, the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (as amended) (the "Act") and the rules made thereunder and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended) ("SEBI Listing Regulations").
- 2. Members attending the AGM through VC or OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act. The registered office of the Company shall be deemed to be the venue for the purpose of calling, convening and conducting the AGM.
- 3. The Information pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of SEBI Listing Regulations, and pursuant to Clause 1.2.5 of the Secretarial Standards on General Meeting (SS-2) issued by Institute of Company Secretaries of India and the provisions of Companies Act, 2013, of the person seeking appointment/re-appointment/change in terms, are as under:

Particulars	Name of Directors/KMP	
	Mr. Bipin Chand Agarwal	
DIN	01015798	
Date of Birth	15/10/1959	
Date of first Appointment on Board	09/12/1997	
Age	63 Years	
Brief Profile/Experience/Expertise in specific functional area	Mr. Bipin Chand Agarwal has a vast experience in new business development, administration and management.	
Qualifications	Graduate	
Equity Shares hold in the Company as on 31.03.2023 • Number of Shares • Percentage	-158,500 Equity Shares @ Rs. 10/- each. -3.09%	

Name of the second in the line of the	1	
Name of other companies in which	1. 2.	Starlight Bruchem Limited
the person holds the directorship as at March 31, 2023		K R International Private Limited
		North Point Motels Private Limited
	4.	Hari Singh Engineering Works Private Limited
	5.	New Wave Chemicals Private Limited
	6.	Neeti Consultants Private Limited
	7.	Nowgang Roadways Private Limited
	8.	Jagpin Bottlers Private Limited
	9.	Om Machineries Private Limited
	10.	Cox Distillery Limited
Membership/ Chairmanship of	NIL	
committees of other companies		
(Including listed as well as unlisted		
entities)		
Terms and conditions of	Term	as and Conditions of appointment are as per the
appointment/re-appointment		uneration and Nomination Policy of the
	Company	
Remuneration last drawn, if any	NIL	
Number of Board meetings	6	
attended during the year ended 31 st		
March, 2023		
Inter se relationship with other	Mr. Nikhil Bansal, Mr. Jagdish Chand Agrawal and	
Directors or KMP (as defined	Mrs. Kshama Agarwal are the relatives.	
under the Companies Act and		
Rules thereunder)		

4. In terms of the MCA circulars, the requirement of sending proxy forms to holders of securities as per provisions of Section 105 of the Act read with Regulation 44(4) of the SEBI Listing Regulations has been dispensed with. Therefore, the facility for appointment of proxy by the members will not be available and consequently, the proxy form, attendance slip and the Route Map are not annexed to this notice convening the 31stAGM (the "notice").

However, in pursuance of Section 113 of the Act and Rules framed thereunder, the corporate members are entitled to appoint authorized representatives for the purpose of voting through remote e-Voting or for the participation and e-Voting during the AGM, through VC or OAVM. Institutional Shareholders (i.e., other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF / JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / appropriate Authorization Letter together with attested specimen signature(s) of the duly authorized signatory (ies) who are authorized to vote, through e-mail at goldedgeestate2016@gmail.com. Further details in this regard are also given separately and form part of this Notice.

5. Keeping the convenience of the Members who may be positioned in different time zones, the Meeting has been scheduled at 12:00 Noon (IST). The Company has enabled the Members to participate at the 31st AGM through VC / OAVM facility. The instructions for participation by Members are given in the subsequent pages. Participation at the AGM through VC/ OAVM shall

be allowed on a first-come-first-served basis.

- 6. The Company has provided the facility to Members to exercise their right to vote by electronic means both through remote-voting and e-voting during the AGM. The process and instructions for remote e-voting are provided in the subsequent paragraphs. Such remote e-voting facility is in addition to e-voting that will take place at the 31stAGM being held through VC/ OAVM.
- 7. Pursuant to Regulation 40 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the securities of listed companies can be transferred, transmitted or transposited only in the dematerialized mode and also in pursuant to SEBI vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/8 dated January 25, 2022 has mandated the Listed Companies to issue securities in Demat form only while processing service requests viz. Issue of duplicate securities certificate; claim from Unclaimed Suspense Account; Renewal/ Exchange of securities certificate; Endorsement; Sub-division/ Splitting of securities certificate; Consolidation of securities certificates/ folios; Transmission and Transposition. Further. **SEBI** vide its circular no. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/65 dated May 18, 2022 has simplified the procedure and standardized the format of documents for transmission of securities. Accordingly, Members are requested to make service requests by submitting a duly filled and signed Form ISR -4, the format of which is available on the Company's RTA website under the web link at https://www.skylinerta.com/ and also available on the Company website i.e. www.goldedgeestate.in.

In this regard, it has also been clarified by SEBI that the said amendments do not prohibit an investor from holding the shares in physical mode. Members holding equity shares of the Company in physical form are requested to kindly get their equity shares converted into demat/electronic form to get inherent benefits of dematerialization and also considering that physical transfer of equity shares/ issuance of equity shares in physical form have been disallowed by SEBI.

- 8. Members holding physical securities in the Company are requested to furnish/update their KYC viz., PAN, Nomination, Contact details, Bank A/c details and Specimen signature by submitting Form ISR-1, as SEBI vide its circular SEBI/HO/MIRSD/ MIRSD-PoD-1/P/CIR/2023/37 dated March 16, 2023 states the folios wherein any one of the above cited are not available on or after October 01, 2023, shall be frozen by the RTA. Such holders shall not be eligible to lodge grievance or avail any service request from the RTA. Further, for any payment including dividend, interest or redemption payment in respect of such frozen folios, shall be made only through electronic mode with effect from April 01, 2024. The RTA shall revert the frozen folios to normal status only upon receipt of all the documents/details. If the folios continue to remain frozen as on December 31, 2025, they shall be referred by the RTA / Company to the administering authority under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 and/or Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002
- Pursuant to the provisions of Section 91 of the Act, the Register of Members and the Share Transfer books of the Company will remain closed from Thursday, 21stday of September, 2023 to Thursday, 28th day of September, 2023 (both days inclusive).
- 10. In line with the MCA and SEBI Circulars, the notice of the 31st AGM along with the Annual Report 2022-23 are being sent only by electronic mode to all Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company and/or Depository Participants (DPs). Members may please note that this Notice and Annual Report 2022-23 will also be available on the Company's website at http://www.goldedgeestate.in, website of the Stock Exchange on which the equity shares of the Company are listed i.e. MSEI at www.msei.in and on the website of Registrar and Transfer Agent ("RTA") i.e. Skyline Financial Services Private Limited at www.skylinerta.com. The physical copy

of the Notice convening the AGM along with Annual Report for F.Y. 2022-2023 shall be sent to those Members who request for the same vide an email from their registered email ID to <u>www.goldedgeestate.in</u>.

- 11. Members who have not registered their e-mail address are requested to register the same in respect of shares held in electronic form with the Depository through their Depository Participant(s) and in respect of shares held in physical form, by email to the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent at info@skylinerta.comor to the company at goldedgeestate2016@gmail.com.
- 12. All documents referred to in the Notice will also be available electronically for inspection without any fee by the members from the date of circulation of this Notice up to and during the AGM. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to goldedgeestate2016@gmail.comfrom their registered e-mail address mentioning their names and folio numbers /demat account numbers.
- 13. The Registers maintained under section 170 and 189 as per the provisions of the Act shall be available for inspection electronically by members during the AGM. The members seeking to inspect such documents may send an email to the Company at goldedgeesate2016@gmail.com.
- 14. In case of joint holders attending the AGM, the Member whose name appears as the first holder/higher in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote.
- 15. The Company has availed the services of Skyline Financial Services Private Limited, Registrar and Share Transfer Agent as the authorized agency for conducting of the AGM through VC/ OAVM including e-voting facility and Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL") to provide remote e-voting and e-voting facilities and for security and enabling the members to cast their vote in a secure manner.
- 16. Those members who have registered their e-mail ID with the Company / their respective Depository Participants are being forwarded the login ID and password for remote e-voting along with process, manner and instructions by e-mail.
- 17. The Company has, in compliance with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, appointed M/s ATG & Co. (Formerly known as M/s Pooja Anand& Associates), Company Secretaries in practice, as Scrutinizer (as consented to be appointed as scrutinizer) for conducting the remote e-voting and e-voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
- 18. To support the 'Green Initiative', Members who have not yet registered their email addresses are requested to register their e-mail address with their Depository Participant (s) in case the shares are held by them in electronic form and with RTA in case the shares are held by them in physical form for receiving all communication including Annual Report, Notices, Financial Results etc. from the Company electronically.
- 19. Non-resident Indian Members are requested to inform Company's Registrar and Share transfer Agent Skyline Financial Services Private Limited immediately for the change in the residential status on return to India for permanent settlement and the particulars of the NRE account with a bank in India, if not furnished the details earlier.
- 20. As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Act and Rule 19(1) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, as amended, Members holding shares in single name and physical form

are advised to make nomination in respect of their shareholding in the Company. The nomination Form SH - 13 can be obtained from the Company's Registrar and share transfer agent.

- 21. Shareholders seeking any information or clarification on the accounts are requested to send written queries to the Company through email i.e. <u>goldedgeeste2016@gmail.com</u>, at least 7 days before the date of the meeting, to enable the management to keep the required information available at the meeting.
- 22. The Scrutinizer, immediately after the conclusion of voting at the AGM, unblock the votes cast through e-voting (votes cast through remote e-voting and votes cast through e-voting during the AGM) and shall, within two working days from the conclusion of the AGM, make a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the votes cast in favour or against, if any, and submit the same to the Chairman of the meeting or a person authorized by him in writing, who shall countersign the same.
- 23. The Results of the E-voting will be announced within statutory timelines of the conclusion of the meeting, by the Chairman or the authorized person. The results declared shall be available on the website of the Company i.e. <u>www.goldedgeestate.in</u>andshall simultaneously be communicated to the Stock Exchange i.e.<u>www.msei.in</u>.
- 24. Instructions for remote e-voting and joining the e-AGM are as follows:

A. VOTING THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEANS:

- The General Meetings of the companies shall be conducted as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020and Circular No. 02/2022 dated May 5, 2022 and Circular No.10/2022 dated December 28, 2022 (hereinafter, collectively referred as the "MCA Circulars") read with the SEBI Circulars No. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD2/CIR/P/2023/120 dated July 11, 2023 is issued in supersession of earlier circulars issued by SEBI bearing No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79, No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2021/11; No. SEBI/HO/ CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 and SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD-2/P/CIR/2023/4dated May 12, 2020, January 15, 2021; May 13, 2022and January 05, 2023respectively, (hereinafter, collectively referred as the "SEBI Circulars" and together with the MCA Circulars referred as the "Circulars"). The forthcoming 31stAGM will thus be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.
- 2. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended from time to time) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and applicable Circulars the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
- 3. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to at least 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large

Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.

- 4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Pursuant to MCA Circulars, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 6. In line with MCA Circulars, the Notice calling the 31stAGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at <u>www.goldedgeestate.in</u>. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. MSEI at <u>www.msei.in</u>. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e.<u>www.evotingindia.com</u>.
- 7. The AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the above said MCA Circulars.

THE INSTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING VIRTUAL MEETINGSARE AS UNDER:

- (i) The voting period begins on <Monday, 25th September, 2023at 9:00 A.M.>and ends on <Wednesday, 27th September, 2023 at 05:00 P.M.>. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of <Wednesday, 20th September, 2023> may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD2/CIR/P/2023/120 dated July 11, 2023under Regulation 44 of SEBI Listing Regulations; listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided by relevant authorities to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Accordingly, demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

(iv) In terms of SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/PoD2/CIR/P/2023/120 dated July 11, 2023on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode is given below:

Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL Depository	 Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi/Easiestishttps://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or visit www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi Tab.
	2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-voting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the e-voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, also there are links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/NSDL/KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.
	 If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL Website <u>https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration</u>
	4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from e-Voting link available on <u>www.cdslindia.com</u> home page or click on <u>https://evoting.cdslindia.com/Evoting/EvotingLogin</u> . The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the e-voting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.

Goldedge Estate And Investments Limited

Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
	2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com</u> .Select "Register Online for IDeAS Portal" or click at <u>https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp</u>
	3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <u>https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/</u> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting
Individual Shareholders (holding	 You can also login using the login credentials of your Demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e- Voting facility.
securities in demat mode) login through their Depository	 After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e- Voting feature.
Participants	 Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at above mentioned website.

<u>Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues</u> related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</u> or contact at toll free no. 1800 22 55 33
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at <u>evoting@nsdl.co.in</u> or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

Step 2: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical

mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode

Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.

- 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com
- 2) Click on "Shareholders" module.
- 3) Now enter your User ID
 - (a) For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - (b) For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - (c) Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
- 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.	
PAN	 Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA. 	
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	 Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank det field. 	

- 7) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- 8) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the

new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.

- 9) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- 10) Click on the EVSN for the relevant <GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED> on which you choose to vote.
- 11) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- 12) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- 13) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- 14) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- 15) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- 16) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- **17**) There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.

Additional Facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians –For Remote Voting only.

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.</u>
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
- It is mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are mandatory required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; goldedgeestate2016@gmail.com, (designated e-mail address by the Company), if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

B. INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- 1. The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
- 2. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
- 3. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- 4. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- 5. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 6. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance at least 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at <u>goldedgeestate2016@gmail.com</u>. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at <u>goldedgeestate2016@gmail.com</u>. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at <u>goldedgeestate2016@gmail.com</u>. These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- 8. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- 9. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 10. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

C. PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

 For Physical shareholders – please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent <u>info@slyline.com</u>or to the company at <u>goldedgeestate2016@gmail.com</u>.

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- 2. For Demat shareholders please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP).
- 3. For Individual Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & E-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.comor contact at **1800 22 55 33**.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL), A Wing, 25thFloor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.comor call on**1800 22 55 33**.

> By Order of the Board of Directors For Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited

> > Jagdish Chand Agrawal Chairman DIN: 01898337

Place : New Delhi **Date :** 26/08/2023

BOARD'SREPORT

To, The Members Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited

The Board of Directors hereby submits the 31st(thirty-first) Board's Report ("Report") of the business and operations of **Goldedge Estate And Investments Limited** ("the Company") together with the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

1. <u>Financial Performance</u>

The Financial results of the Company during the period ended on 31st March 2023 along with previous year's figures are given hereunder:

(Rs. In Lakhs excent EPS)

			(Rs. In Lakhs	except EFS)
	Consolidat	Consolidated		
PARTICULARS	CURRENT YEAR (2022-23)	PREVIOUS YEAR (2021-22)	CURRENT YEAR (2022-23)	PREVIOUS YEAR (2021-22)
1. Total Income	25.87	38.78	25.87	38.78
Less: i) Operating, Administrative & other Exp.	16.04	18.46	16.04	18.46
2.Earnings before interest and				
depreciation Less: i) Interest ii) Depreciation	-	6.95 -	-	6.95 -
3.Profit/(Loss) before Exceptional item	9.83	13.37	9.83	13.37
Add: Exceptional item	-	-	-	-
4. Share of profits of associate	1.15	0.97	-	-
5. Profit/(Loss) before Tax Less: Provision for Tax	10.98	14.33	9.83	13.37
i) Current tax	2.48	3.38	2.48	3.38
ii) Deferred tax iii) Earlier year Tax	- 3.67	-	- 3.67	-
6. Profit/(Loss) after Tax Add: Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	4.84	10.96	3.69	9.99
i) Shares of other comprehensive income in Associate	-	-	-	-
7.Total Comprehensive Income	4.84	10.96	3.69	9.99

Goldedge Estate And Investments Limited

8. Equity Capital	512.24	512.24	512.24	512.24
9. Earnings Per Share-Basic and Diluted	0.09	0.21	0.07	0.20

2. <u>State of Company's Affairs:</u>

The Company is engaged in the business of Non-Banking Financial institution (Non Deposit Accepting) and registered with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) as specified in section 45-I (A) of the RBI Act 1934. During the Financial year under review, your company achieved a Total Consolidated Income of Rs. 25.87 lacs as compared to Rs. 38.78 lacs in the previous year and Total Standalone Income of Rs. 25.87 lacs as compared to Rs. 38.78 lacs in the previous year. Net Consolidated Profit (after tax) for the year is Rs. 4.84 lacs as compared to Net Consolidated Profit of Rs.10.96 lacs in the previous year and Net Standalone Profit (after tax) for the year is Rs. 3.69 lacs as compared to Net Standalone Profit of Rs. 9.99 lacs in the previous year.

3. Dividend

Your Directors regret their inability to recommend any dividend in view of the requirement of funds during the financial year under review.

4. <u>Reserves and Surplus/ Other Equity</u>

Reserves and Surplus/Other Equity as at 31st March, 2023 is Rs. 78.76lacs as per Consolidated Financial Statement and Rs.70.87lacs as per Standalone Financial Statement. During the year under review, the Company has transferred Rs. 0.97lacs to the Statutory Reserve as per Consolidated Financial Statement and Rs. 0.74lacs as per Standalone Financial Statement.

Further, the details of the amount transferred to other reserves, if any, form part of the financial statements provided as part of the annual report.

5. Management Discussion and Analysis Report

Management Discussion and Analysis Report for the financial year 2022-23as stipulated under SEBI Listing Regulations forms as integral part of the Annual Report as covered in the head **'Management Discussion and Analysis' ("MD &A")** and annexed as **Annexure A**.

6. <u>Material Changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the company which</u> <u>have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial</u> <u>statements relate and the date of the Report</u>

There were no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the company between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial year relates and the date of the Board's Report.

7. <u>Change in the nature of business</u>

There was no change in the nature of business of the Company during the financial year ended 31st March 2023.

8. <u>Details in respect of the adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to the Financial</u> <u>Statements</u>

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. During the Financial year, such controls were checked and no reportable material weaknesses were observed.

9. Details of Subsidiary/Joint Ventures/Associate Companies

The names of companies which have become or ceased to be its Subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year.	Not Applicable
Performance & Financial position of each of the subsidiaries, associates and joint venture companies included in the consolidated financial statement.	The Performance & Financial Position of Cox Distillery Limited (Associate Company) is given in Annexure B

10. Deposits

The Company neither holds any public deposits at the beginning of the financial year nor accepted any public deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 and 74 of the Companies Act, 2013 read together with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014, during the financial year under review.

11. Auditors

> Statutory Auditors

M/s B G G & Associates, Chartered Accountants (ICAI Firm Registration Number: 016874N), New Delhi, were appointed as statutory auditors of the company to hold office for a period of 5 consecutive years, commencing from the conclusion of the 28thAnnual General Meeting ("AGM") held on 28thSeptember 2020 till the conclusion of the 33rdAGM of the Company to be held in the year 2025.

The Statutory Auditors have given confirmation to the effect that they are eligible to continue with their appointment and that they are not disqualified in any manner from continuing as Statutory Auditors. The remuneration payable to the Statutory Auditors shall be determined by the Board of Directors based on the recommendations of the Audit Committee.

> Secretarial Auditors

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed M/s ATG & Co. (formerly known as M/s Pooja Anand & Associates), Company Secretaries to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the company.

> Internal Auditors

Mr. Moolchand performed the duties of internal auditor of the Company for the financial year ended

on 31stMarch, 2023. The report given by the internal auditor has been reviewed by the audit committee at regular intervals.

12. <u>Statutory Auditor's Report</u>

The reports given by the Statutory Auditors on the Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, form part of the Annual Report. There are no observations (including any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer) of the Auditors in their Audit Report.

13. <u>Secretarial Audit Report</u>

The Secretarial Audit Report along with their observations (including qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimer) for the financial year ended 31st March, 2023 as submitted by Secretarial Auditor in **Form MR-3** has been annexed to this Report as **Annexure C**.

The secretarial auditor has emphasized following points in his report:

- a) The Company has not complied with the following provisions as per the Companies Act, 2013:
 - i. Mr. Manoj Agarwal, Mr. Rajeev Mittal, and Mr. Prempal are continuing as Independent Directors on the board of the Company without inclusion of their names in the Independent Director's Databank as per Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Fifth Amendment Rules, 2019.
 - ii. Director Identification Number of Mr. Manoj Agarwal was deactivated due to the nonfiling of Form DIR – 3 KYC as per Rule 12A of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014,

b) The Company has not complied with the following provision as per the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA')

• 50% Shareholding of the Company under the public category is not held in dematerialized form, which is required to be mentioned as per Regulation 19 (A) of Securities Contract (Regulation) Rules, 1957 and Circular No. MSE/LIST/13483/2013 dated May 16, 2023.

c) The Company has not complied with the following provisions as per the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015:

- The Company has failed to maintain the functional website required under Regulation 46 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015.
- The Company's trading has been suspended due to non-payment of yearly listing fees as required by Regulation 14 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, **2015**.
- d) The Company, being an NBFC, has not complied with the following applicable compliances as per RBI guidelines:

- The Company has also not registered with one of the CIC i.e. Credit Information Bureau (India) Limited (CIBIL) which is required for NBFCs.
- The Equifax, CRIF, and Experian memberships are not being renewed since the annual fees have not been paid.

Board's Remark: During the previous year, the company encountered difficulties in satisfying certain obligatory compliances, as underscored by the observations presented by the Secretarial Auditor. The enduring pandemic situation spanning the last three years imposed severe financial challenges upon the company, resulting in disruptions to both its operations and Management Information System. This, in turn, led to limitations in resources that impeded the company's capacity to meet the aforementioned obligations. It is crucial to emphasize that our directors remain resolute in addressing this matter within the current fiscal year. Their steadfast commitment is palpable through their ongoing endeavors to attain compliance on multiple fronts and ensure unwavering adherence to the mandates of applicable laws.

14. <u>Details in respect of frauds reported by Auditors other than those which are reportable to the</u> <u>Central Government</u>

The Statutory Auditors, Secretarial Auditors, and Internal Auditors of the Company have not reported any fraud to the Audit Committee or to the Board of Directors under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, including rules made thereunder.

15. Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Management:

(i) **Composition**

At the end of the financial year 31st March 2023, the Board consist of an optimum combination of Executive & Non-Executive Directors. Mr. Jagdish Chand Agrawal, Promoter and Director of the Company is a Non-Executive Chairman. The Board of Directors as on 31stMarch 2023 are as follows:

S. No.	Name of the Director	Category	Original Date of appointment
1.	Mr. Jagdish Chand Agrawal	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	09/12/1997
2.	Mr. Bipin Chand Agarwal	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director	09/12/1997
3.	Ms. Kshama Agarwal	Whole time Director	14/06/2019
4.	Mr. Nikhil Bansal	Non-Executive, Non-Independent Director cum Chief Financial Officer	01/07/2015
5.	Mr. Rajeev Mittal	Non- Executive, Independent Director	04/06/2019

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6.	Mr. Prem Pal	Non- Executive, Independent Director	04/06/2019
7.	Mr. Manoj Agarwal	Non- Executive, Independent Director	04/06/2019
8.	Mr. Satyanshu Khare	Company Secretary	10/11/2020

A) Changes in Directors

Mr. Bipin Chand Agarwal (DIN:01015798), Director of the Company retires by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment. The Board recommends his re-appointment for the consideration of the Members of the Company at the Annual General Meeting.

B) Changes in Key Managerial Personnel

There were no changes in the office of Key Managerial Personnel during the financial year under review.

(ii) <u>Declaration by an Independent Director(s)</u>

The Independent Directors have submitted their declaration of Independence, stating that:

- they continue to fulfill the criteria of independence as required pursuant to Section 149(6) read with Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16 and 25 of the SEBI Listing Regulations;
- they are not debarred from holding the office of Director pursuant to any SEBI order or order of any such authority; and
- there has been no change in the circumstances affecting their status as Independent Director of the Company.

The Independent Directors have also confirmed that they have complied with the Company's Code of Conduct. In terms of Section 150 of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules framed thereunder, the Independent Directors have also confirmed their registration (including renewal of applicable tenure) and compliance of the online proficiency self-assessment test (unless exempted) with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs (IICA).

All Independent Directors have also affirmed compliance to the Code of Conduct for Independent Directors as prescribed in Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Board opined and confirmed, in terms of Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, that the Independent Directors are persons of high repute, and integrity and possessed with the relevant expertise and experience in their respective fields.

(iii) Evaluation of the Board, its Committees and Individual Directors

The Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations contain provisions for the evaluation of the performance of:

- (i) the Board as a whole,
- (ii) the individual directors (including independent directors and Chairperson) and
- (iii) various Committees of the Board.

The Board of Directors has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, Board Committees, and Individual Directors pursuant to requirements of the provisions of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, and all other applicable provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations. The key objectives of conducting the Board Evaluation process were to ensure that the Board and various Committees of the Board have appropriate composition and they have been functioning collectively to achieve common business goals of the Company. Similarly, the key objectives of conducting a performance evaluation of the Directors through individual assessment and peer assessment were to ascertain if the Directors actively participate in the Board / Committee Meetings and contribute to achieving the common business goals of the Company.

The evaluation was carried out by way of internal assessments done based on the factors prescribed under the Policy adopted by the Company. Consequently, the Company is required to disclose the manner of formal annual evaluation.

Performance evaluation of the Board and Committees

The performance of the Board was evaluated by the Board Members after considering inputs from all the Directors primarily on:

- Board composition and quality with emphasis on its size, skill, experience and knowledge of members;
- Abreast with latest developments in the regulatory environment, industry and the market;
- Regular monitor and evaluation of progress towards strategic goals and assesses operational performance;
- Understanding key risks faced by business and its mitigation plan(s)
- Engagement in ethics and compliance with the Company's code of conduct.

The Board evaluated the performance of the Committees on the parameters including the following:

- Appropriateness of size and composition;
- Clarity of mandate and well-defined strategy;
- Reporting to the Board on the Committee's activities;
- Availability of appropriate and updated internal and external support or resources to the Committees.

Performance Evaluation of Individual Directors:

The performance evaluation of the Individual Directors was carried out by the Board and other Individual Directors, considering the aspects including:

- Sufficient knowledge of Company strategy and objective, Director comes well prepared and informed for the Board/ committee meeting(s);
- Director demonstrates a willingness to devote time and effort to understand the Company and its business
- Director has ability to remain focused at a governance level in Board/ Committee meetings.

- Adequate and productive use of knowledge and experience of the Independent Directors for the Functioning of Board;
- Director understands regulatory, financial, fiduciary and ethical requirements of the Board / committee;
- Ask questions/ critique proposals with confidence and is able to present his/ her views convincingly;
- Open and effective participation in Board discussions;
- Keep stakeholder interest as the touchstone in endorsing decisions and behave in accordance with Company's values and beliefs.

Performance Evaluation of Chairman

- Display of effective leadership qualities and skill;
- Implementation of observations/ recommendations of Board Members;
- Effective and timely resolution of grievances of Board Members;
- Ability to bring convergence in case of divergent views and conflict of interest situation tabled at Board Meetings;

The evaluation brought to notice that the sharing of information with the Board, its timeliness, the drafting of agenda notes and the content thereof as well as the drafting of the minutes were found to be satisfactory. Therefore, the outcome of the performance evaluation for the period under report, was satisfactory and reflects how well the directors, Board and Committees are carrying their respective activities.

The independent directors in its separate meeting without the attendance of non-independent directors and members of management, reviewed –

- (a) the performance of non-independent directors and the Board as a whole;
- (b) the performance of the Chairman of the company, taking into account the views of executive directors and non-executive directors;
- (c) the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the company management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

Subsequently, it was reviewed at the Nomination and Remuneration Committee Meeting. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee forwarded their recommendation based on such Performance Evaluation Process to the Board.

After completion of internal evaluation process, the Board also reviewed the Performance Evaluation of the Board, its committees and individual directors. The Performance Evaluation of the Independent Directors of the Company was done by the Board, excluding the Independent Directors being evaluated. Further, the Board, excluding the Independent Directors being evaluated, also carried out evaluation of fulfillment of the independence criteria as specified inapplicable SEBI Listing Regulations, by the Independent Directors of the Company and their independence from the management of the Company. The Board expressed its satisfaction with the evaluation process and results thereof.

16. Number of meetings of the Board of Directors

During the financial year ended 31stMarch 2023, 06 (Six) meetings of the Board were held, as follows:

S. No.	Dates of Board Meeting	Board Strength	No. of directors present
1.	May 27, 2022	7	7
2.	July 25, 2022	7	7
3.	August 10, 2022	7	7
4.	August 20, 2022	7	7
5.	November 12, 2022	7	7
6.	February 14, 2023	7	7

The intervening gap between the two consecutive Board meetings was within the period prescribed period of 120 days as specified under the provisions of Section 173 of the Companies Act 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations.

17. Committee of the Board

The Board has constituted three Committees of the Board:

- 1. Audit Committee,
- 2. Nomination and Remuneration Committee
- 3. Stakeholders' Relationship Committee.

The compositions of these Committees, including the number of the meetings held during the financial year are as follows:

A. Audit Committee

The composition, quorum, powers, role and scope are in accordance with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

The Audit Committee is responsible for the effective supervision of the financial reporting process, reviewing with the management the financial statements and ensuring their compliance with accounting standards, listing regulations and other legal requirements and ensuring compliance with internal controls; reviewing finding of internal audit and ensuring follow up action on significant findings and reviewing quarterly, half yearly and annual accounts. All the recommendations made by the Audit Committee were accepted by the Board.

Six meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the financial year 2022-23 on May 27, 2022, July 25, 2022, August 10, 2022, August 20, 2022, November 12, 2022 and February 14, 2023.

The composition of the Audit Committee as on March 31, 2023 including the attendance of the committee members at the meeting held during the financial year is as follows:

Name of Members	Category	Designation	Number of Meetings during the financial year 2022-23	
			Held during tenure of Member/Chairman	
Mr. Rajeev Mittal	Independent Director	Chairman	6	6
Mr. Manoj Agarwal	Independent Director	Member	6	6

Mr. Jagdish Chand	Non-Executive	Mamhan	6	6
Agrawal	Director	Member	0	0

B. Nomination & Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee (N & R Committee) of the Company is constituted in line with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as per the applicable provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board, inter alia, recommends to the Board of Directors, the compensation terms of Executive Director/ Manager. It also recommends successions and appointments for the membership of the Board and the senior management.

Nomination and Remuneration Policy

TheCompany'sNominationandRemunerationPolicyisdrivenbythesuccessandperformanceoftheindi vidualemployee and the Company. Through its compensation program, the Company endeavor's to attract, retain, develop and motivate a high performance workforce. Individual performance pay is determined by business performance and the performance of the individuals measured through the annual appraisal process.

The Company firmly believes in attracting and retaining high caliber talent. The Nomination and remuneration policy, therefore, takes into account the competitive circumstances so as to attract & retain quality talent. As per the provisions of Section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 read with Part D of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations and Scale Based Regulation framework issued by the Reserve Bank of India ("RBI") and as per the Guidelines on Compensation of Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management in NBFCs Issued by RBI, on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Company, the Board of Directors has approved a policy which lays down a framework in relation to appointment and remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel/ Senior Management and their remuneration including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence etc.

The Policy broadly lays down the guiding principles, philosophy and the basis for payment of remuneration to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, and other employees. The policy also provides the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and Independence of Directors and criteria for appointment of Key Managerial Personnel / Senior Management while making selection of the candidates. Pursuant to Section 134(3) of the Companies Act, 2013,the nomination and remuneration policy of the Company is available on the website of the Company at www.goldedgeestate.in.

One meeting of N & R Committee was held during the financial year 2022-23 on August 10, 2022.

The composition of Nomination & Remuneration Committee as on March 31, 2023 including the attendance of the committee members at the meeting held during financial year is as follows:

Name of Members	Category	Designation	Number of Meetings during the financial year 2022-23	
			Held during	Attended
			tenure of	
			Member/Chairm	

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			an	
Mr. Rajeev Mittal	Independent	Chairman	1	1
	Director			
Mr. Manoj Agarwal	Independent	Member	1	1
	Director			
Mr. Bipin Chand	Non-Executive	Member	1	1
Agarwal	Director			

C. Stakeholder Relationship Committee

The Stakeholder Relationship Committee of the Company is constituted in line with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and applicable provisions of SEBI Listing Regulations.

The Stakeholder's Relationship Committee is primarily responsible to review all matters connected with the Company's transfer/transmission of securities and redressal of shareholder's / investor's / security holder's complaints transposition, issue of duplicate share certificates, approval of demat/remat of share certificates, issue of duplicate share/debenture certificates and services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.

Four meetings of the Stakeholder's Relationship Committee were held during the financial year 2022-23 on May 27, 2022, August 10, 2022, November 12, 2022 and February 14, 2023.

The composition of the Stakeholder Relationship Committee as on March 31, 2023 including the attendance of the committee members at the meeting held during the financial year is as follows:

Name of Members	Category	Designation	Number of Meetings during the financial year 2022-23	
			Held during tenure	Attended
			of	
			Member/Chairman	
Mr. Bipin Chand	Non-Executive	Chairman	4	4
Agarwal	Director			
Mr. Jagdish Chand	Non-Executive	Member	4	4
Agrawal	Director			
Mr. Prem Pal	Independent Director	Member	4	4

During the year under review, no investor grievance was received or pending with the Company (including in the SCORES account of the Company).

18. Vigil Mechanism/Whistle blower Policy:

The Company promotes ethical behavior in all its business activities and has put in place a mechanism for reporting illegal or unethical behavior. The Company has a Vigil Mechanism and Whistle Blower Policy under which the employees are free to report violations of applicable laws and regulations and the Code of Conduct. Employees may also report to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. During the financial year, no employee was denied access to the Audit Committee.

19. <u>Particulars of Loans, Guarantees or Investments under section 186 of the Companies Act,</u> 2013

The provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 pertaining to granting of loans to any persons or bodies corporate and giving of guarantees or providing security in connection with the loan to any other bodies corporate or persons are not applicable to the Company, as the Company is a Non-Banking Financial Company.

20. <u>Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)</u>

Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Corporate Social Responsibility, is not applicable to the company.

21. <u>Related Party Transactions:</u>

Particulars of Contracts or Arrangements with related parties referred to in Section 188(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 are mentioned in Form AOC- 2 as annexed in **Annexure D**.

Further, all related party transactions are mentioned in Note of the Financial Statements forming part of the Annual Report.

22. Share Capital

The Authorized Share Capital of the Company was Rs. 5,50,00,000/- divided into 55,00,000 Equity Shares having a face value of Rs.10/- each and the Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Equity Share Capital of the Company was Rs. 5,12,24,000/-divided into 51,22,400 equity shares having face value of Rs. 10/- each as on March 31, 2023.

There were no changes in Authorized, Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Equity Share Capital during the financial year 2022-23.

23. <u>RBI COMPLIANCES</u>

The Company from the date of receipt of NBFC Registration continues to comply with all the applicable regulations, guidelines, etc. prescribed by the RBI, from time to time As a non-systemically important non-deposit taking NBFC, the Company always strives to operate in compliance with applicable RBI guidelines and regulations and employs its best efforts towards achieving the same.

24. Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

In compliance with the provisions of Section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the details of conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo are as follows:

A)	Conservation of energy:	
	 (i) The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy; (ii) The steps taken by the company for utilizing alternate sources of energy; (iii) The capital investment on energy conservation equipment's; 	N.A. N.A. N.A.

B)	Technology absorption:	
	(i) the efforts made towards technology absorption;	N.A.
	(ii)the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution;	N.A.
	(iii) in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year)-	
	(a) the details of technology imported;	N.A.
	(b) the year of import;	N.A.
	(c) whether the technology been fully absorbed;	N.A.
	(d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof; and	N.A.
	(iv) The expenditure incurred on Research and Development.	N.A.
C)	Foreign exchange earnings and Outgo:	
	1. Total foreign exchange used and earned.	The information of foreign exchange earnings and outflow is furnished in notes to accounts.

25. Extract of the annual return

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 92(3) and 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act 2013, the Annual Return of the Company for the financial year 2022-23in Form MGT-7 is available on the website of the Company at <u>www.goldedgeestate.in.</u>

26. <u>Significant/Material Orders passed by the Regulators:</u>

There are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and operations of the Company in future.

27. Managerial/ Employee Remuneration:

The information required under section 197 of the Companies Act read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is mentioned in **Annexure–E**.

No employees is in receipt of remuneration as specified under section 197(12) of the Companies Act read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014. Accordingly, Statement of Particulars of Employees pursuant to the provisions of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 (as amended) read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 (as amended) for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, is not required.

28. <u>Corporate Governance:</u>

Since, the paid- up share capital of the Company during the financial year is less than Rs. 10 Crores and the Net worth is less than Rs. 25 Crores therefore, the provisions of the Corporate Governance (specified in the regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 and Para C, D and E of Schedule V) as stipulated under Regulation 15(2) of SEBI Listing Regulations are not applicable to the Company. Hence, no separate report on Corporate Governance Report has been given.

However, your Company is complying and doing every effort to comply with the provisions of the Corporate Governance and to see that the interest of the Shareholders and the Company are properly served. It has always been the Company's endeavor to excel through better Corporate Governance and fair & transparent practices, many of which have already been in place even before they were mandated by the law of land.

29. Director's Responsibility Statement

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards under historic cost convention on accrual basis and as per the Companies Act, 2013. As referred to in clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013, directors confirm that

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (b) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the company for the period;
- (c) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the directors had prepared the annual accounts on going concern basis; and
- (e) The directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- (f) The directors have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

30. Maintenance of Cost Records

The maintenance of cost records as specified by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013, is not applicable to the Company.

31. <u>Risk Management Policy</u>

As a NBFC, the Company has laid down a well-defined risk management framework to identify, assess and monitor risk and strengthen controls to mitigate risk. The Company has laid down procedures to inform the Audit Committee as well as the Board of Directors about risk assessment and management procedures and status. The Risk management process has been established across the Company and is designed to identify, assess and frame a response to threats that affect the achievement of its objectives. Further, it is embedded across all the major functions and revolves

around the goals and objectives of the Company.

The Company has a strong risk management framework to identify, monitor and minimize risk as also identify business opportunities.

32. Listing on Stock Exchange

The Equity shares of the Company are listed on the stock exchange at:

Metropolitan stock Exchange of India Limited

Corporate Relationship Department 4th Floor, Vibgyor Tower, Bandra Kurla Complex, Mumbai – 400098

Listing fees for the financial year 2022-23 has not been paid within due date to the Stock Exchange, which has paid on 22.08.2023. As a result, the trading has been suspended for the time being in force, now its working.

33. <u>Registrar & Share Transfer Agent</u>

The company has appointed Registrar and Share Transfer Agent. The shareholders are advised to approach Registrar and Share Transfer Agent on the following address for any share &demat related queries and problem.

Name	Skyline Financial Services Private Limited
Address	D-153A, 1 st Floor, Okhla Industrial Area, Phase - 1, New Delhi – 110020
Telephone No.	011-26812682-83, 40450193-97
FAX No.	011-26812682
E-mail Address	admin@skylinerta.com
Website	www.skylinerta.com

34. Transfer System

During the year, shares in physical form were processed by the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents within 15 days from the date of receipt, provided the documents are valid and complete in all respects. Skyline Financial Services Private Limited, Registrar and Share Transfer Agent of the Company, is authorized to sign the share certificates on behalf of the Company for expeditious disposal of transfer requests.

Pursuant to Regulation 40 of the SEBI Listing Regulations, the securities of listed companies can be transferred, transmission or transposition only in the dematerialized mode. As per SEBI vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/8 dated January 25, 2022 has mandated the Listed Companies to issue securities in demat form only while processing service requests viz. Issue of duplicate securities certificate; claim from Unclaimed Suspense Account; Renewal/ Exchange of securities certificate; Endorsement; Sub-division/ Splitting of securities certificate; Consolidation of securities certificates/ folios; Transmission and Transposition. Further, SEBI vide its Circular No. SEBI/HO/MIRSD/MIRSD/MIRSD_RTAMB/P/CIR/2022/65 dated May 18, 2022 has simplified the procedure and standardized the format of documents for transmission of

Goldedge Estate And Investments Limited

securities. Accordingly, Members are requested to make service requests by submitting a duly filled and signed Form ISR -4, the format of which is available on the Company's website i.e. **www.goldedgeestate.in** and on RTA website under the web link at i.e **www.skylinerta.com**.

Members holding equity shares of the Company in physical form are requested to kindly get their equity shares converted into demat/electronic form to get inherent benefits of dematerialization and also considering that physical transfer of equity shares/ issuance of equity shares in physical form have been disallowed by SEBI.

In case of shares in electronic form, the transfers are processed by NSDL through respective Depository Participants.

35. Dematerialization of Shares

The company's equity shares are eligible for dematerialization. The company has signed agreements with both the depositories namely NSDL and CDSL. The shareholders may therefore, hold the company's shares in electronic mode.

The company's ISIN No. for both the depositories is **INE980V01011**. The Stock Code for the Equity Shares of the Company at Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Ltd. is: GOLDEDGE.

As on 31stMarch 2023, 53.66% of the Equity Shares of the Company are held in dematerialized form with NSDL.

36. <u>Disclosure under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Work Place (Prevention, Prohibition</u> <u>and Redressal) Act, 2013</u>

As required by the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013, the Company has formulated and implemented a policy on prevention of sexual harassment at the workplace with a mechanism of loading complaints. There is an Internal Complaints Mechanism wherein any wrongful conduct as regards sexual harassment or any discrimination can be reported. The following is a summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed of during the year under review-

- No. of complaints received : NIL
- No. of complaints disposed of : N.A.
- No. of complaints pending : NIL

37. Compliance with Secretarial Standards

The Company has duly followed the applicable Secretarial standards, relating to the Meeting of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meeting (SS-2), issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI).

38. <u>Disclosure with respect to Demat Suspense Account/Unclaimed Suspense Account:</u>

The Company does not have any shares in the demat suspense account or unclaimed suspense account and the following details as mentioned below:

(a) aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the beginning of the year;	NIL
(b) number of shareholders who approached listed entity for transfer of shares from suspense account during the year;	NIL
(c) number of shareholders to whom shares were transferred from suspense account during the year;	NIL
(d) aggregate number of shareholders and the outstanding shares in the suspense account lying at the end of the year;	NIL
(e) that the voting rights on these shares shall remain frozen till the rightful owner of such shares claims the shares.	NIL

39. Other Disclosures

- During the financial year 2022-23, the Company has not made any application and no such proceeding is pending under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy code, 2016.
- There were no instances where the Company required the valuation for one time settlement or while taking the loan from the Banks or Financial institutions.
- The Company has not issued shares with differential voting rights and sweat equity shares during the year under review

40. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

We thank our clients, investors and bankers for their continued support during the year. We place on record our appreciation of the contribution made by employees at all levels.

We thank the Government of India, particularly the Reserve Bank of India, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), Stock Exchanges, and other government agencies/authorities for their support, and look forward for their continued support in future.

Your Company's employees are the keys for attaining new heights. Your Directors place on record their deep appreciation of the commitment and professionalism displayed by them.

We also value the support provided by the Company's Shareholders and we look forward for your continuing future support.

For and On behalf of the Board GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Jagdish Chand Agrawal Chairman DIN: 01898337

Place : New Delhi **Date :** 26/08/2023

ANNEXURE- A

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Dear Shareholders,

We present the Management Discussion and Analysis Report (MDA), an integral part of Company's Annual Report, which aims to provide you with a comprehensive understanding of our Company's performance, future prospects, and the industry landscape. This report is a narrative explanation, through the eyes of management, of how the Company has performed in the past and its outlook for the future. We would like to emphasize that the forward – looking statements mentioned in this report which may involve risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to the risk inherent to the Company's growth strategy, changes in regulatory norms, economic conditions, and other incidental factors. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied.

Industry Overview:

The financial year 2022-2023 began amidst a complex economic landscape. The global recovery post the pandemic was hindered by geopolitical conflicts and normalization of monetary and fiscal policies. Due to this, Indian economy faced various challenges, including inflationary trends, supply chain disruptions from China, and the Russia – Ukraine conflict impacting commodity prices. Despite these challenges, we witnessed positive signs as the impact of the COVID – 19pandemic on lives and livelihoods started receding, allowing the economy to show resilience.

Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs) played a pivotal role in the Indian financial intermediation space by complementing bank credit, promoting financial inclusion, and providing credit financing to unorganized and underserved sectors. The sector has been operating in a favorable environment since the end of the global financial crisis, supported by measures from the Government and RBI to improve funding access through mechanisms like the partial credit guarantee.

Looking ahead, NBFCs are now positioned for a strong revival. The economy is showing signs of recovery, with businesses witnessing an uptick in activities. The risk of high NPAs is decreasing due to improvement in economic activities, and disbursements are expected to return to pre – COVID levels. Moreover, NBFCs have reduced their dependence on short-term and market borrowing, with an increase in bank borrowing share.

Economic Review:

Global Economy:

The global economy demonstrated growth, driven by resilient labour markets, robust household consumption, business investments, and a better-than-expected response to the energy crisis in Europe. However, abrupt interest rate hikes by central banks to curb persistently high inflation, along with other global headwinds like the Russia-Ukraine conflict and the resurgence of COVID-19 in China, impacted economic growth during the year. Despite these challenges, the recent reopening of China brings hope for a rapid rebound in activity.

Indian Economy:

India's economy quickly regained its pre – pandemic growth trajectory and surpassed the UK to become the world's fifth – largest economy. The Indian economy recorded a growth rate of 7.2% in FY 2022 – 2023, slightly slower than the previous year due to the prevailing global scenario. However, the economy remained resilient, driven by robust domestic demand and an uptick in private consumption. Various structural and governance reforms, including ECLGS extension and PMEGP extension, further strengthened the economy's fundamentals and financial markets.

The rural economy showed steady improvement, with the informal sector gradually normalizing in terms of labor force participation. The agricultural sector exhibited resilience, supported by favorable RABI sowing and above – average reservoir levels. The government's continued focus on rural development is expected to drive further growth in this sector.

Financial Life-Cycle Needs and NBFCs:

In today's financial landscape, customers' life-cycle needs can be broadly classified into five phases:

Asset Acquisition, Asset Protection, Family Health and Income Protection, Investment and Wealth Management and Retirement. NBFCs have played a crucial role in addressing these needs by fostering credit expansion in various industries, including microfinance, personal loans, and auto finance.

Non-Banking Financial Companies (NBFCs):

NBFCs have become an integral part of the financial services system, complementing the banking system and promoting financial inclusion. The credit extended by NBFCs as a proportion of GDP has consistently risen, with the aggregate outstanding amount reaching Rs. 31.5 crores as of September 2022.

The critical Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprise (MSME) sector still faces significant credit gaps, with only 39% of formal sources of credit reaching them. This presents an enormous opportunity for NBFCs to provide last-mile credit delivery, leveraging technology for enhanced operational efficiency and risk management.

Performance in FY 2022 – 2023:

After overcoming the challenges posed by COVID - 19, NBFCs have returned to normalcy. Disbursements in FY2023 (excluding Infra – NBFCs) exceeded pre – pandemic levels for three consecutive quarters. Collection efficiency remained healthy, supported by improved economic activity and a positive outlook for most sectors, assuming no significant disruptions.

Asset quality and capital adequacy have also shown ongoing improvements. The GNPA (Gross Non-Performing Assets) ratio declined from a peak of 7.2% during the second wave of the pandemic to 5.9% in September 2022, close to pre-pandemic levels.

Key Regulatory Developments:

The regulatory landscape has become more stringent over time, leading to a robust and relevant business model. Notable regulations guiding the sector include:

• Prudential norms for Income Recognition, Asset Classification, and Provisioning (IRACP) on advances:

These new norms, effective from October 2022, require an NBFC to upgrade an NPA to a 'standard' asset only if the borrower pays the entire arrears in the form of interest and principal. Additionally, the recognition of NPAs shifted to a daily due-date basis.

• Scale-based regulation for NBFCs:

Introduced in October 2021, the RBI introduced scale-based regulation for NBFCs. Under this framework NBFCs based on their size, activity, and perceived risks were classified under four layers: Base Layer (BL), Middle Layer (ML), Upper Layer (UL), and a possible Top Layer (TL). The new framework will tighten. Each layer is subjected to specific regulatory requirements, with progressively tighter norms for the higher layers.

• The Prompt Corrective Action Framework

This framework applicable to deposit-taking and non-deposit-taking NBFCs in the Middle, Upper, and Top Layers identified under RBI's Scale-Based Regulations. This excludes NBFCs not accepting/ not intending to accept public funds, government companies, primary dealers, and Housing Finance Companies (HFCs). This framework serves as an early-intervention mechanism for lending institutions with weak financial records (lower profitability or poor asset quality).

Opportunities, Challenges, and Threats:

NBFCs have harnessed opportunities to serve unbanked customers through retail asset-backed lending, microfinance, and lending against securities. Measures by the Reserve Bank of India to inject liquidity and promote economic growth have provided further credit off-take opportunities to MSMEs and consumer segments. New RBI guidelines on capital requirements, provisioning norms, and enhanced disclosure requirements are expected to benefit the sector and fuel a new wave of entrepreneurship.

However, rising competition from banks, increasing cost of funding, and talent retention remain challenges. Additionally, stringent regulatory norms and uncertain global political environments pose threats to the NBFC sector.

Segment-Wise Performance:

The Company operates as a Non-Banking Finance Company (NBFC) in a single segment, the financial activity segment.

Outlook, Risk, and Concern:

We are committed to identify risks and maintain robust risk management mechanisms to achieve our Company's mission and vision. Effective risk management is essential to balance risk and rewards in today's complex business environment. The Company recognizes potential risks, deploys appropriate systems and processes to measure and monitor them, and implements mitigation strategies within the appropriate framework.

Adequacy of Internal Control System:

The Company maintains a system of internal controls to ensure effectiveness and efficiency in operations, safeguard assets, ensure reliability in financial controls, and comply with applicable laws and regulations. The internal audit function continuously evaluates the adequacy of policies, regulatory compliance, and risk management. The Audit Committee oversees the internal audit function and periodically reviews the findings.

Performance Review:

During the financial year, the Company achieved a Total Income of Rs. 25.87 Lacs compared to Rs. 28.78 Lacs in the previous year. The Net Profit (after tax) for the year stood at Rs. 3.69 Lacs compared to Rs. 9.99 Lacs in the previous year. Our directors are exploring new initiatives for the long-term growth of the Company.

Human Resources and Industrial Relations:

We consider our employees as our most valuable asset and foster an open, transparent, and meritocratic culture. Despite the challenges posed by the COVID – 19pandemic, the employee relationship with the Company remained harmonious. The Company has 6 permanent employees on its rolls as of March 31, 2023.

Changes in Key Financial Ratios:

Ratio	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22
Debtors Turnover Ratio	0	0
Inventory Turnover Ratio	0	0
Interest Coverage Ratio	0	2.92
Current Ratio	10.03	11.23
Debt Equity Ratio	0	0
Operating Profit Margin	63.82%	52%
Net Profit Margin	14.24%	26%
Return on Net Worth	1.69%	1.72%

We have also been going through some of the toughest challenges ever faced by humanity owing to the outbreak of COVID - 19. Your Company continues to support all its employees in all possible ways and means in these tough times. The employee relationship with the company remained harmonious throughout the year.

For and on behalf of the Board For Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited

Place: New Delhi **Date:** 26.08.2023

Jagdish Chand Agrawal Chairman DIN: 01898337

ANNEXURE-B

FORM NO. AOC-1 Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement Pursuant to section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Name of Associate Company	Cox Distillery Ltd.
1. Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	31/03/2023
2. Shares of Associate held by the company on the year end	6,16,500
Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	61,65,000
Extend of Holding %	29.36%
Description of how there is significant influence	The Company holds control over the business decision of the Company
4. Reason why the associate is not Consolidated	N.A.
5. Net worth attributable to Shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	70,48,376
6. Profit / Loss for the year	
i. Considered in Consolidation	1,14,997
ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	2,76,681

B G G & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN.016874N

CA Alok Kumar Bansal Partner M.No. 092854 Nikhil Bansal Director cum Chief Financial Officer DIN: 00815132

Jagdish Chand Agrawal Chairman DIN: 01898337

Annexure-C

Form No. MR-3

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st March, 2023

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members, Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited, C-115, Mansarovar Garden, Ground Floor, New Delhi-110015

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to corporate practices by **Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited** (hereinafter referred to as the Company/Goldedge). The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us with a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the compliance of the applicable laws and maintenance of records based on audit. We have conducted the audit in accordance with the applicable Auditing Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India. The Auditing Standards require that the Auditor shall comply with statutory and regulatory requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about the compliance with applicable laws and maintenance of records.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, minute books, forms, and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents, and authorized representatives during the conduct of the secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has not complied with some of the statutory provisions listed hereunder during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March 2023. Further, the Company has not proper board- processes, and compliance mechanisms in place upto the some extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

We have examined the books, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31st March 2023 (period under review) according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996, and the Regulations and Bye–laws framed thereunder, as applicable;

- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
 - a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
 - b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018, (**Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period**);
 - e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
 - f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993;
 - g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
 - h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
 - i) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
 - j) Securities and Exchange Board of India (Depositories and Participants) Regulations, 2018.
- (vi) The laws relating to Non-Banking Financial Companies to the extent applicable to the Company as per the representations made by the Company.

Master Directions/Guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India to Non-Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Financial Company, which were applicable to the Company from the receipt of Certificate of Registration;

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- a) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- b) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with the Metropolitan Stock Exchange of India Limited (MSE).

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. as mentioned above. However, we have not examined compliance by the Company with applicable financial laws, like direct and indirect tax laws, since the same have been subject to review by statutory financial auditors and other designated professionals.

Further, there are the following observations during the year under review:

e) The Company has not complied with the following provisions as per the Companies Act, 2013:

iii. Mr. Manoj Agarwal, Mr. Rajeev Mittal, and Mr. Prempal are continuing as Independent

Directors on the board of the Company without inclusion of their names in the Independent Director's Databank as per Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Fifth Amendment Rules, 2019.

 iv. Director Identification Number of Mr. Manoj Agarwal was deactivated due to the non-filing of Form DIR – 3 KYC as per Rule 12A of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014,

f) The Company has not complied with the following provision as per the Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA')

i. 50% Shareholding of the Company under the public category is not held in dematerialized form, which is required to be mentioned as per Regulation 19 (A) of Securities Contract (Regulation) Rules, 1957 and Circular No. MSE/LIST/13483/2013 dated May 16, 2023.

g) The Company has not complied with the following provisions as per the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015:

- i. The Company has failed to maintain the functional website required under Regulation 46 of the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015.
- The Company's trading has been suspended due to non-payment of yearly listing fees as required by Regulation 14 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- h) The Company, being an NBFC, has not complied with the following applicable compliances as per RBI guidelines:
 - i. The Company has also not registered with one of the CIC i.e. Credit Information Bureau (India) Limited (CIBIL) which is required for NBFCs.
- ii. The Equifax, CRIF, and Experian memberships are not being renewed since the annual fees have not been paid.

We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is not duly constituted during the financial year ended 31.03.2023, as Mr. Manoj Agarwal, Mr. Rajeev Mittal, and Mr. Prempal Independent Directors of the Company are continuing as Independent Directors on the Board of the Company without inclusion their names in the Independent Director's Databank. Further, there were no changes in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all the directors to schedule the Board Meetings, Agenda and detailed notes on the agenda were sent at least seven days in advance or at shorter notice, in compliance with the applicable laws and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

As per the minutes of the meetings duly recorded and signed by the Chairman, the decisions of the Board of Directors and Committees were unanimous, and no dissenting views have been recorded.

We further report that as informed to us, there are adequate systems and processes in the Company that are commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations, and guidelines.

Note: This report is to read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure I** and forms an integral part of this report

For ATG & Co. Company Secretaries Firm Registration No. P2003DE054000 PR No. : 1391/2021

SD/-

MukulTyagi Partner M. No.: F9973 CP No.: 16631 UDIN:F009973E000872142

Date: 26/08/2023 Place: New Delhi To, The Members, Goldedge Estate And Investments Limited

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter. We, as the secretarial auditors of Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited, have conducted the secretarial audit for the relevant financial year and hereby present our findings and opinions.

- **1.** Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We conducted the secretarial audit in accordance with the appropriate audit practices and processes to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. Our verification was conducted on a test basis to ensure the accuracy of the facts reflected in the secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- **3.** Please note that our audit did not include verification of the correctness and appropriateness of the financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company. Additionally, we did not examine the Company's compliance with applicable financial laws, such as direct and indirect tax laws, as these aspects fall under the purview of statutory financial audits and other designated professionals.
- **4.** In instances where necessary, we obtained representations from the Management regarding the Company's compliance with laws, rules, regulations, and the occurrence of significant events.
- **5.** The compliance with Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, and standards is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on a test basis.
- **6.** It is important to clarify that the Secretarial Audit report does not provide any assurance regarding the future viability of the Company or the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For ATG & Co. Company Secretaries Firm Registration No. P2003DE054000 PR No. : 1391/2021

SD/-

Mukul Tyagi Partner M. No.: F9973 CP No.: 16631 UDIN:F009973E000872142

Date: 26/08/2023 Place: New Delhi

Annexure -D

FORM NO.AOC.2

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transactions under third proviso thereto

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

1) Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis

Name of	Nature of	Duratio	Salient terms	Justificat	Date (s)	Amount	Date on
the	contracts/	n of the	of the	ion for	of	paid as	which the
Related	arrangeme	contract	contracts or	entering	approva	advances,	special
Party	nts /	s/	arrangement	into such	l by the	if any	resolution
and	transaction	arrange	s or	contracts	Board		was passed in
Nature	s	ments/	transactions	or			general
of		transact	including the	arrangem			meeting as
Relation		ions	value, if any	ents or			required
ship				transactio			under first
				ns			proviso
							to section
							188
			NIL	-	-	<u>.</u>	

2) Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis

the related	contracts/ arrangements/	contracts / arrangements/ transactions	contracts or	approval by the Board, if any:	Amount paid as advances, if any:
K. R	Rental Expenditure	12 months	1,80,000	27/05/2022	-
International Pvt. Ltd	Payment of rental expenditure	12 months	1,80,000	27/05/2022	-

For and On behalf of the Board GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED

SD/-

Jagdish Chand Agrawal Chairman DIN: 01898337

Place : New Delhi **Date :** 26/08/2023

Annexure-E

MANAGERIAL REMUNERATION:

Information pursuant to Section 197 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013 (as amended) read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014(amended)

I. The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company and percentage increase in remuneration of each director and key managerial remuneration (KMP) in the financial year 2022-23:

(Amount in

Sr.	Name	Designation	Remuneration	Remuneration	%	Ratio of
No			paid/payable	of	Increase/	Remuneration
			to	Directors/KMP	(decreas	to Median of
			Director/KMP	s in 2021-22	e) in	remuneration
			s in 2022-23		Remune	of employee
					ration	
	Non-Executive Di	rector				
1.	*Mr. Jagdish	Chairman	NIL	NIL	NIL	NA
	Chand Agrawal	and Director				
2.	*Mr. Nikhil	Director	NIL	NIL	NIL	NA
	Bansal	Cum Chief				
		Financial				
		Officer				
3.	*Mrs. Kshama	Whole-time	NIL	NIL	NIL	NA
	Agarwal	Director				
4.	*Mr. Bipin Chand	Director	NIL	NIL	NIL	NA
	Agarwal					
	Executive Directo	r				
1.	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	Independent Dire	ectors				
1.	Mr. Rajeev Mittal	Independent	NIL	NIL	NIL	NA
		Director				
2.	Mr. Prem Pal	Independent	NIL	NIL	NIL	NA
		Director				
3.	Mr. Manoj	Independent	NIL	NIL	NIL	NA
	Agarwal	Director				
Key	Managerial Personn	el other than				
	Executive Direc	tors				
1	Mr. Satyanshu	Company	1,10,000	1,20,000	NIL	N.A
	Khare	Secretary				

Rupees)

*All Non- Executive Directors of the company does not receive any remuneration from the company.

II. The percentage increase in the median remuneration of the employees in the financial year: NIL.

- III. **The number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company:** There were 6 employees on the rolls of the Company as on March 31, 2023.
- IV. Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration: Not Applicable.
- V. Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company: The remuneration of Directors, KMPs, and Senior Managerial Personnel of the company during the financial year ended on 31st March 2023, was as per the Nomination and Remuneration Policy of the Company.

For and On behalf of the Board GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED

SD/-

Jagdish Chand Agrawal Chairman DIN: 01898337

Place : New Delhi **Date :** 26/08/2023

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements of **GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED** (the 'Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under Section 133 of the Act, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at 31 March 2023, and its Profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Financial Statement in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SA) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the StandaloneFinancial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no Key Audit Matters to communicate in our report.

Information other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Company's Annual Report, if based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein. We are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs (financial position), profit or loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- i. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ii. Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for explaining our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- iii. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- iv. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- v. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the StandaloneFinancial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by Section 197(16) of the Act, we report that the Company has not paid any remuneration to its director during the year, hence the provisions of and limits laid down under Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act is not applicable.
- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the 'Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 3) Further to our comments in Annexure A, as required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

- c) The Standalone Balance Sheet, the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity and the Standalone Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - (i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which will impact its financial position in its Standalone Financial Statements;
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - (iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2023;
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the

GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED

circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

V. During the year the Company has not declared or paid dividend under section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013.

VI. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2023

For BGG&Associates Chartered Accountants FRN:- 016874N

CA Alok Kumar Bansal Partner M. No. :- 092854 UDIN:- 23092854BGYPGD4556

Place :-New Delhi Date :- 30/05/2023

"Annexure A" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Members of GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED of even date)

Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting a true and fair view on the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company and taking into consideration the information and explanations given to us and the books of account and other records examined by us in the normal course of audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

i. (a) In respect of the Company's Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets:

A.)The company is not having any Property, Plant and Equipment. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (i)(a)(A) of the Order is not applicable.

B.)The company is not having any intangible assets. Accordingly, paragraph 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable.

- (b) (c) The company is not having any Property, Plant and Equipment. Accordingly, paragraph 3(i)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and from our examination of books of account and other documents, the company is not having any immovable properties. Accordingly,
- (e) paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable. The company is not having any Property, Plant and Equipment or intangible assets. Accordingly, paragraph 3(i)(d) of the Order is not applicable. There is no proceeding initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act,1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made there under.
- ii. (a) The company is not having any inventory. Accordingly paragraph 3(ii) (a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of ₹ 5 crore, in aggregate, at any points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and hence reporting under clause 3(ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. (a) The company is registered as Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC) under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India, 1934 whose principal business is to provide loans.
 - (b) Accordingly paragraph 3(iii) (a) of the Order is not applicable. According to the information & explanation given to us and based on our examination of records the company has granted unsecured loans to companies, other parties. The terms & Conditions of such loans are not prejudicial to the company's interest.
 - (c) As mentioned above in respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayments or receipts are regular.
 - According to the information and explanations given to us and examination of books of account, there is no amount overdue for more than ninety days.
 - (e) e company is registered as Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC) under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India, 1934 whose principal business is to provide loans. Accordingly paragraph
 - (f) 3(iii) (e) of the Order is not applicable.
 According to the information and explanations given to us and examination of books of account, the company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment.

- iv. According to the information & explanation given to us, in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public as mentioned in the directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and provisions of sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed thereunder.
- vi. The company is a Non-Banking finance company, hence clause (vi) of Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2020 regarding compliance of maintenance of cost records under clause of sub section (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the company.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of records of the Company, the undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales-tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities. There is no undisputed amounts payable in respect of income tax, goods and services tax, service tax, sales tax, custom duty, excise duty and cess were in arrears, as at 31-Mar-2023 for a period

of more than six months from the date they became payable. (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues referred in sub - clause (a) above which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.

- viii. There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961)
- ix. (a)
 - The Company has not taken any loans or other borrowings from any lender. Hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) The Company has not taken any term loan during the year and there are no outstanding term loans at the beginning of the year and hence, reporting under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is
 (d) not applicable.
 - On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short
 (e) term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (f) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
 The Company has not raised any loans during the year and hance reporting on clause 3(ix)(f).

The Company has not raised any loans during the year and hence reporting on clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.

- x. (a) According to the information & Explanation given to us, the company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further offer (including debt instrument) and term loan.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.

- xi. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) According to the information and explanation given to us the company has not received any whistle blower complaint during the year (and upto the date of this report).
- xii.The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause 3 (xii) of the
Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards (IND AS).
- xiv. (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected to its directors. Accordingly, the provision of paragraph 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. The company is registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India, 1934. The copy of such registration has been obtained.
- xvii. According to the information and explanations given to us and our examination of the records of the Company, the company has not incurred cash losses in the financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get

GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED

discharged by the company as and when they fall due.

xx. According to the information and explanations given to us and our examination of the records of the Company, the provision in section 135 of the act is not applicable.Accordingly, paragraph 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.

For BGG&Associates Chartered Accountants FRN:- 016874N

CA Alok Kumar Bansal Partner M. No. :- 092854 UDIN :- 23092854BGYPGD4556

Place :-New Delhi Date :- 30/05/2023

"Annexure B" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 3 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Member of GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITEDof even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under clause (i) of Subsection 3 of section 143 of Companies Act, 2013

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED** ("the Company") as of 31 March, 2023 in conjunction withour audit of the Ind AS Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Standalone Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly

reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March, 2023, based on internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For B G G & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN:- 016874N

Place :-New Delhi Date :- 30/05/2023 CA Alok Kumar Bansal Partner M. No. :- 092854 UDIN :- 23092854BGYPGD4556

Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited Registered Office: C-115, Mansarovar Garden Ground Floor New Delhi-110015 CIN: L70101DL1992PLC047541 Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023

			As at	(Rs. in Lakhs) As at	
	Particulars	Note No.			
4			31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022	
1.	ASSETS				
	Financial Assets				
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	2.	14.63	20.67	
(b)	Bank Balance other than cash & cash equivalents	3.	217.00	217.00	
(c)	Loans	4.	183.05	183.05	
(d)	Investments	5.	146.32	146.32	
(e)	Other Financial assets	6.	41.66	29.08	
		(A)	602.66	596.12	
2.	Non-financial Assets				
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	7.	3.98	7.54	
(b)	Deferred tax Assets (Net)	8.	0.18	0.18	
		(B)	4.16	7.72	
	Total Assets	(A+B)	606.82	603.8 4	
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
	LIABILITIES				
1.	Financial Liabilities				
(a)	Other financial liabilities	9.	23.10	24.10	
		(A)	23.10	24.10	
2.	Non-Financial Liabilities				
(a)	Provisions	10.	0.32	0.32	
(b)	Other non-financial liabilities	11.	0.29	-	
(~)		(B)	0.61	0.32	
3.	EQUITY		0.01	0.57	
		10	F10.04	F10.0	
(a)	Equity Share capital	12.	512.24	512.24	
(b)	Other Equity	13.	70.87	67.18	
		(C)	583.11	579.42	
	Total Liabilities and Equity	(A+B+C)	606.82	603.84	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

For B G G & Associates

Chartered Accountants FRN :016874N

For and on behalf of the Board

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CA. Alok Kumar Bansal	Jagdish Chand Agrawal	Kshama Agarwal
Partner	Director	Whole Time Director
M.No. 092854	DIN : 01898337	DIN : 02397268
Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2023	Satyanshu Khare Company Secretary M.No. A63015	Nikhil Bansal Director Cum CFO DIN : 00815132

Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited Registered Office: C-115, Mansarovar Garden Ground Floor New Delhi-110015 CIN: L70101DL1992PLC047541 Standalone Statement of Profit & Loss for the Period ended 31st March , 2023

	Particulars	Note No.	Period Ended 31st March, 2023	(Rs. in Lakhs) Year Ended 31st March, 2022
	Revenue from Operations			
	Interest Income		25.87	38.78
(I)	Total Revenue from Operations		25.87	38.78
	Expenses			
	Finance Cost		-	6.95
	Employee Benefit Expenses		9.36	11.05
	Other Expenses	14	6.68	7.41
(II)	Total Expenses		16.04	25.41
(III)	Profit Before Tax (III-IV)		9.83	13.37
(VI)	Tax Expense:			
	Current Tax		2.48	3.38
	Deferred Tax		-	(0.00)
	Earlier Year Tax		3.67	
(VII)	Profit for the Year (V-VI)		3.69	9.99
(VIII)	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)			
()	items that will not be reclassified to Profit & Loss			
	(a) Remeasurement of post defined employment obligations		-	-
	(b) Income Tax relating to these items		-	-
	Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)		-	-
(IX)	Total Comprehensive Income (VII+VIII)		3.69	9.99
(X)	Earnings Per Equity Share of Rs. 10/- Each Paid Up			
	Basic & Diluted		0.07	0.20

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

For B G G & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN :016874N

CA. Alok Kumar Bansal

For and on behalf of the Board

Jagdish Chand Agrawal Director DIN : 01898337 Kshama Agarwal Whole Time Director DIN : 02397268 I

Satyanshu Khare Company Secretary M.No. A63015 Nikhil Bansal Director Cum CFO DIN : 00815132

Place: New Delhi

Partner

M.No. 092854

Date: 30/05/2023

Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited Regd Office:-C-115, Ground Floor, Mansoravar Garden, New Delhi-110015 CIN: L70101DL1992PLC047541

-	Amou	nt (in Rs. lakhs)
Particulars	Year Ended March-23 (Audited)	Year Ended March-22 (Audited)
Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
Net profit / (Loss) before taxation & extraordinary item Adjustment for:	9.83	13.37
Provision for Standard Assets	-	(1.24)
Finance Cost	-	6.95
Operating profit before working capital changes	9.83	19.07
Adjustment for: Decrease/(Increase) in Other assets (including Bank Balance other		
than cash)	(12.58)	500.36
(Decrease)/Increase in Other liabilities	(0.71)	(40.99)
Cash generated from operations	(3.45)	478.44
Income Tax Paid (Net)	2.59	0.19
Cash Flow from Operating activities (A)	(6.04)	478.25
Cash Flow from Investing activities		
Net Cash from Investing activities (B)	-	-
Cash Flow from Financing activities		
Proceeds from Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	-	(614.57)
Finance Cost	-	(6.95)
Net Cash Flow from Financing activities (C)	-	(621.52)
Net Increase in cash & cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(6.04)	(143.27)
Cash & Cash equivalents at beginning of year	20.67	163.94
Cash & Cash equivalents at end of year	14.63	20.67

Standalone Statement of Cashflow for the period ended 31st March,2023

For B G G & Associates **Chartered Accountants** FRN :016874N

For and on behalf of the Board

CA. Alok Kumar Bansal Partner M.No. 092854

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2023 Jagdish Chand Agrawal Director DIN:01898337

Kshama Agarwal Director DIN: 02397268

Satyanshu Khare **Company Secretary** M.No. A63015

Nikhil Bansal **Director Cum CFO** DIN:00815132

Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited CIN: L70101DL1992PLC047541 Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2023

	0 1	5	(Rs. in Laki
(a) Equity Share Capital			
	No. of Shares	Amount	
As at 01st April,2021	51,22,400	512.24	
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-	
As at 31st March, 2022	51,22,400	512.24	
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-	
As at 31st March,2023	51,22,400	512.24	

(b) Other Equity

(b) Other Equity					~ · · · · ·
					(Rs. in Lakhs)
Particulars	Retained	Statutory Reserve	General	FVOCI-Equity	Total
r ai ticulai s	Earnings	(Reserve Fund)	Reserve	instruments	TULAI
Balance as at 01st April,2021	43.32	6.35	0.20	7.32	57.19
Profit for the year	9.99	-	-	-	9.99
Transferred to Reserve fund	(2.00)	2.00	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March,2022	51.31	8.35	0.20	7.32	67.18
Profit for the year	3.69	-	-	-	3.69
Transferred to Reserve fund	(0.74)	0.74	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March,2023	54.26	9.09	0.20	7.32	70.87

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For B G G & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN :016874N

CA. Alok Kumar Bansal Partner M.No. 092854

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2023

For and on behalf of the Board

Jagdish Chand Agrawal Director DIN : 01898337 Kshama Agarwal Director DIN : 02397268

Satyanshu Khare Company Secretary M.No. A63015 Nikhil Bansal Director Cum CFO DIN : 00815132

1. Basis of Preparation, Measurement & Significant Accounting policies

1.1 Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires that the management of the company makes estimates & assumption that affect the reported amount of Income & expense of the period, the reported balances of assets & liabilities & the disclosure relating to contingent liabilities as of the date of financial statement. The estimates & underlying assumption are reviewed on on-going basis. Revision to the accounting estimates include useful lives of property plant & equipment, fair value measurement, allowances for doubtful advances etc. Differences, if any between the actual results & estimates is recognised in the period in which the results are known.

1.2 Revenue Recognition

Incomes from Operations are accounted for on accrual basis.

1.3 Financial Instrument

Financial Assets / Financial Liabilities are recognised when the company becomes party to a contract. All financial assets, financial liabilities & financial guarantee obligation are initially measured at transaction value & where such values are different from the fair value, at fair value. Transaction cost that are attributable to the the acquisition or issue of financial assets & liability (other than financial assets & liabilities at fair value through profit & loss account) are added to or deducted from as the case may be, the fair value of such assets or liabilities, on initial recognition. Transaction cost directly attributable to acquisition of financial assets/ liability at fair value through profit or loss account are recognised immediately in statement of profit & loss account.

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into:

Amortized cost (FVTAC): -The Company classifies the financial assets at amortised cost if the contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and the assets are held under a business model to collect contractual cash flows. The gains and losses resulting from fluctuations in fair value are not recognised for financial assets classified in amortised cost measurement category.

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): The Company classifies the financial assets as FVOCI if the contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and the Company's business model is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flow and selling financial assets. In case of debt instruments measured at FVOCI, changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. The impairment gains or losses, foreign exchange gains or losses and interest calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss. On de-recognition, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is re-classified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment. In case of equity instruments irrevocably designated at FVOCI, gains/ losses including relating to foreign exchange, are recognised through other comprehensive income. Further, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income remain permanently in equity and are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss on derecognition.

Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): The financial assets are classified as FVTPL if these do not meet the criteria for classifying at amortised cost or FVOCI. Further, in certain cases to eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency (accounting mismatch), the Company irrevocably designates certain financial instruments at FVTPL at initial recognition. In case of financial assets measured at FVTPL, changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Profit or loss on sale of investments is determined on the basis of first-in-first-out (FIFO) basis.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (e.g. as prices) or indirectly (e.g. derived from the prices).

Level 3: inputs for the current assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Based on the Company's business model for managing the investments, the Company has classified its investments and Inventories at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. For trade and other payables the carrying amount approximates the fair value due to short maturity of these instruments.

Impairment of Financial Assets

(i) Subsequent to Initial recognition, the company recognises expected credit loss (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortised cost. ECL on such financial assets, other than loan assets, is measured at an amount equal to life time expected credit loss.

(ii) The company measures ECL on loan assets at an amount equal to life time expected credit loss if there is credit impairment or there has been significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If there is no significant increase in credit risk, the company measures ECL at an amount equal to 12 months ECL. When making the assessment of whether there has been significant increase on initial recognition, the company considers reasonable & supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. If the company measures loss allowance as lifetime ECL in the previous periods, but determines in a subsequent period that there has been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition due to improvement in credit quality, the company again measures the loss allowance based on 12-months ECL.

ECL is measured on individual basis for credit impaired loan assets, and on other loan assets it is generally measured on collective basis using homogenous Company.

The Impairment losses & reversals are recognised in Statement of Profit & loss account.

De-recognition

A financial asset is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's Balance Sheet) when:

(i) The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the asset has expired, or

(ii) The Company has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset.

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss. In case of trade payables, they are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently, these liabilities are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognise financial liabilities when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised & the consideration paid & payable is recognised in the statement of profit & loss account.

1.4 Investments

Equity investment in associates are carried at historical cost as per the accounting policy choice given by Ind AS 27.

1.5 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at acquisition cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequently Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss within other income or other expense.

1.6 Depreciation

Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment is provided on straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

1.7 Borrowing Cost

Interest and other borrowing costs attributable to qualifying assets are capitalised. Other interest and borrowing costs are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.

1.8 Cash & Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in statement of cash flow, cash & cash equivalents includes cash on hand, other short term, highly liquid Investment with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertiable to known amount of cash & which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

1.9 Tax Expenses

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the comprehensive income or in equity. In which case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.

Current Tax: Current tax is the expected tax payable/receivable on the taxable income/ loss for the year using applicable tax rates at the Balance Sheet date, and any adjustment to taxes in respect of previous years.

Deferred Tax: Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purpose and the amounts for tax purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized, for all deductible temporary differences, to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

The tax effects of income tax losses, available for carry forward, are recognized as deferred tax asset, when it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these losses can be set-off.

1.10 Earnings Per Share

Basic Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period attributed to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

	Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	mount in (Rs.in lakhs) As at 31.03.2022
		A5 at 51.05.2025	A5 at 51.05.2022
	Cash and Bank Balances		
	Cash and Cash Equivalents		
	- Balance with Banks	14.62	20.61
	- Cash on Hand	0.01 14.63	0.05 20.67
		11.05	20107
	Bank balances other than above		
	- FDR with maturity within 3 to 12 Months	<u> </u>	217.00 217.00
4.	Loans		=1/100
(a)	(Carried at Fair Value through Amortised Cost)		
	Loan to related party	183.05	183.05
	Loan to others	0.00	0.00
		183.05	183.05
	Less: Unamortised fees	0.00	0.00
	Total (a) Gross	183.05	183.05
	Less: Impairment on financial instruments Total (a) Net	<u> </u>	0.00 183.05
	Total (a) Net	105.05	105.05
	Classification of loan according to security		
	Secured by Tangible assets	-	-
	Unsecured Loans	183.05	183.05
	Total (b) Gross	183.05	183.05
	Less: Impairment Loss allowance Total (b) Net	<u> </u>	0.00 183.05
	Total (b) Net	103.03	105.05
	Loans in India		
	Public Sector	0.00	0.00
	Private Sector/ Others	183.05	183.05
	Total (c) (i) Gross	183.05	183.05
	Less: Impairment Loss allowance Total (c) (i) Net	<u> </u>	0.00 183.05
	Loans Outside India	0.00	0.00
	Less: Impairment Loss allowance	0.00	0.00
	Total (c) (ii) Net	0.00	0.00
	Total (c) (i)+(ii) net	183.05	183.05
5.	Investments		
	Investment in India		
	Equity Investment		
(a)	<u>Associate companies (at cost) (unquoted)</u>		
	6,16,500 Equity Shares of Cox Distillery Ltd. (P.Y.6,16,500 Equity Shares) of	8.00	8.00
	Rs. 10/- each, Fully paid up		
(b)	Other entities (unquoted)		
	Investments at fair value through OCI		
	2,47,000 Equity Shares of Jagpin Breweries Ltd. (P.Y.2,47,000 Equity Shares)	138.32	138.32
	of Rs. 10/- each, Fully paid up		
	Total Gross	146.32	146.32
	Impairment loss allowance	0.00	0.00
	Total Net	146.32	146.32
	Nete		
	NOTE:		
	Note: (a) Aggregate amount of unquoted investments-at cost	146.32	146.32

6.	Other Financial Assets		
	Accrued interest	41.66	29.08
		41.66	29.08
7.	Tax Assets & Liabilities		
	Current tax assets (net)	6.45	7.54
	Current tax liabilities (net)	2.48	0.00
		3.98	7.54
8.	Deffered Tax (Liabilities)/Assets		
	Deferred tax assets		
	Provision on Standard Assets	0.18	0.18
	Deffered Tax (Liabilities)/Assets (net) (a-b)	0.18	0.18
9.	Other Financial Liability		
	Expenses Payable	23.10	24.10
		23.10	24.10
10.	Provisions		
	Provision on Standard Assets	0.73	0.73
	Provision on Income Tax (Net of Prepaid Taxes)	(0.41)	(0.41)
		0.32	0.32
11.	Other Non-Financial liabilities		
	Statutory Dues	0.29	
		0.29	-
12.	Share Capital		
	Authorised Capital		
	55,00,000 (P.Y.: 55,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	550.00	550.00
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Capital		
	51,22,400 (P.Y.: 51,22,400) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each, Issued for Cash	512.24	512.24
		512.24	512.24

(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning & end of the reporting year.

	As at 3	1.03.2023	
Equity Shares	No.	Amount (Rs.)	
At the Beginning of the year	51,22,400	512.24	
Issued during the year	-	-	
Outstanding at the end of the year	51,22,400	512.24	
	As at 3	at 31.03.2022	
Equity Shares	No.	Amount (Rs.)	
At the Beginning of the year	51,22,400	512.24	
	-	-	
Issued during the year			

(b) Terms/ Rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each Holder of Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The Dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after

distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by shareholders.

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares.

	As at 3	31.03.2023
	No.	% holding in the class
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up		
New Wave Chemicals P. Ltd.	6,88,300	13%
Neeti Consultants P. Ltd.	9,68,500	19%
	16,56,800	32%
	As at 3	31.03.2022
	No.	% holding in the class
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up		
New Wave Chemicals P. Ltd.	6,88,300	13%
Neeti Consultants P. Ltd.	9,68,500	19%
	16,56,800	32%

(d) Other details of Equity Shares for a period of five years immediately preceding 31st March 2023

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
- Aggregate number of shares alloted as fully paid up pursuant to Contract without being received in cash	Nil	Nil
- Aggregate number of shares alloted as per fully paid up bonus shares	Nil	Nil
- Aggregate number of shares bought back	Nil	Nil

(e) Details of Shares held by Promoters at end of year

	Shares held by Promoters as on 31/03/2023				
S.No.	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares		
1	Mr. J.C. Agarwal	423900	8.28	-	
2	Mr. B.C. Agarwal	158500	3.09	-	
3	Nikhil Bansal	147900	2.89	-	
4	Radha Agarwal	90000	1.76	-	
5	Kshama Agarwal	90000	1.76	-	
6	B.C Agarwal HUF	71500	1.40	-	
7	J.C Agarwal HUF	70000	1.37	-	
8	Sonal Agarwal	40000	0.78	-	
9	Neeti Consultants Private Limited	968500	18.91	-	
10	New Wave Chemicals Pvt Ltd	688300	13.44	-	
Total		2748600	53.66	-	

	% Change During the Year			
S.No.	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	
1	Mr. J.C. Agarwal	423900	8.28	-
2	Mr. B.C. Agarwal	158500	3.09	-
3	Nikhil Bansal	147900	2.89	-
4	Radha Agarwal	90000	1.76	-
5	Kshama Agarwal	90000	1.76	-
6	B.C Agarwal HUF	71500	1.40	-
7	J.C Agarwal HUF	70000	1.37	-
8	Sonal Agarwal	40000	0.78	-
9	Neeti Consultants Private Limited	968500	18.91	-
10	New Wave Chemicals Pvt Ltd	688300	13.44	-
Total		2748600	53.66	-

		As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
13.	Other Equity		
	Retained Earnings	54.26	51.31
	Statutory Reserve (Reserve Fund)	9.09	8.35
	General Reserve	0.20	0.20
	Other Reserves*	7.32	7.32
		70.87	67.18

*The company has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of investments in unquoted equity instruments in other comprehensive income. These changes are accumulated within the FVTOCI equity investments within equity.

14.	Other Expenses		
	Audit Fee	0.77	0.50
	AGM Exp	0.14	0.00
	Rent	1.80	1.80
	Travelling Expenses	-	0.02
	Legal & Professional Expense	2.40	2.50
	Advertisement	0.39	0.28
	Office Expenditure	0.03	0.23
	Compliance Fee	0.65	1.75
	Misc Expenditure	0.30	0.30
	Bank Charges	0.02	0.00
	Earlier Year Tax	0.18	0.00
	Interest on Income Tax	<u> </u>	0.05
		6.68	7.41

	Standarone Financial Statements for the year of		A	nount (Rs.in lakhs)
			31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
15. Continge	nt Liabilities		Nil	Nil
	t Reporting pany is operating merely in one segmant investr 108 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Afffairs i		rting as required und	ler Indian Accounting
	Party Transactions Parties With Whom Transactions Have Taken	Place During The Period		
Key Mana their rela	agement Personnel / Directors & tives	Jagdish Chand Agarwal	-Director	
		Bipin Chand Agarwal Mudit Agarwal	-Director -Relative of Director	
	ses owned or significantly influenced by key nent personnel			
		Jagpin Breweries Ltd. Cox Distillery Ltd. Neeti Consultants Pvt. Ltd. Nowgong Roadways Pvt. Ltd K R International Pvt. Ltd Starlight Bruchem Limited New Wave Chemicals Pvt.Ltd. Om Machineries Pvt. Ltd. Jagpin Bottelers Pvt. Ltd.		
(b) Transac	tions With Related parties	Amount (Rs.in lakhs) 2022-23	Aı	nount (Rs.in lakhs) 2021-22
Interest		11.00		11.00
Starlight	bruchem Ltd.	11.90		11.90
	rnational Pvt. Ltd. spenditure	1.80		1.80
	of Rental Expendure	1.80		3.15
	s Incurred on behalf of the Company reweries Ltd.	3.03		7.65
(c) Balance Due Froi	outstanding at the end of the Period m			
	Bruchem Limited	183.05		183.05
	paid/payable to Auditors	Amount (Rs.in lakhs)	Aı	nount (Rs.in lakhs)
Particula		31st March, 2023		31st March, 2022
Audit Fee	es	0.54		0.50

19. In the opinion of Board of Directors, all the Current Assets, Loans and Advances have a value on realization in the ordinary course of business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated, except those stated otherwise and that all the known liabilities relating to the period have been provided for.

20. No provision for gratuity has been made, as no employee has put in the qualifying period of service for entitlement to this benefit under the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

21. In the opinion of Board of directors, none of the assets /cash generating units of the company is impaired.

- 22. Managerial remuneration paid / payable: Nil (Pr. Year: Nil).
- 23. Income / expenditure incurred in foreign currency Nil (Previous Year: Nil).

Particulars	31st March, 2023	31st March, 202
Veighted Average Number of Equity Shares	F1 22 400	F1 22 404
t the Beginning of the year	51,22,400	51,22,40
llotted during the Period	-	-
Outstanding Number of Shares at the period end	51,22,400	51,22,40
Veighted number of Shares	51,22,400	51,22,40
let Profit after Tax (in Lakhs)	3.69	9.9
Earning Per Share (Rs.) - Basic & Diluted	0.07	0.2

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

25. As per the RBI, Compliances Provison on standard Asset is made, 0.40% of Total Assets.

26. Schedule in terms of paragraph 13 of "Non-Systematically Important Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016"

Liabilities Side :	Amount Outstanding	Amount Overdue
(1) Loans and advances availed by the		
a) Debentures : Secured	-	-
: Unsecured (other than falling within the	-	-
meaning of public deposits)		
b) Deferred credits	-	-
c) Term loans	-	-
d) Inter-corporate loans & borrowings	-	-
e) Commercial paper	-	-
f) Other loans – (specify nature)	-	-

Assets side :		Amount (Rs. in lakhs)	
(2) Break-up of Loans and advances in	ncluding bills receivables [other than those included in (3) below :]		
a) Secured		Nil	
b) Unsecured		Nil	
(3) Break-up of Leased Assets and st	ock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities	Nil	
i) Lease assets including lease rent	als under sundry debtors		
	a) Financial lease	Nil	
	b) Operating lease	Nil	
ii) Stock on hire including hire chan	ges under sundry debtors :	Nil	
	a) Assets on hire	Nil	
	b) Repossessed assets	Nil	
iii) Other Loans counting towards A	FC	Nil	
activities	a) Loans where accets have been reneccessed	Nil	
	a) Loans where assets have been repossessed b) Loans other than (a) above	Nil	
(4) Break-up of Investments :		1111	
Current Investments :			
1. Quoted :			
i) Shares :			
)	a) Equity	Nil	
	b) Preference	Nil	
ii) Debentures and Bonds		Nil	
iii) Units of mutual funds		Nil	
iv) Government Securities		Nil	
v) Others (please specify)		Nil	
2. Unquoted :			
i) Shares :		Nil	
	a) Equity	Nil	
	b) Preference	Nil	
ii) Debentures and Bonds		Nil	
iii) Units of mutual funds		Nil	
iv) Government Securities		Nil	
v) Others (please specify)		Nil	
Long Term Investments :			
1) Quoted			
i) Shares :		Nil	
	a) Equity	Nil	
	b) Preference	Nil	
ii) Debentures and Bonds		Nil	
iii) Units of mutual funds		Nil	
iv) Government Securities		Nil	
v) Others (please specify)		Nil	
2. Unquoted :		146.22	
i) Shares :	a) Equity b) Preference	146.32 Nil	
	b) rieleience	Nil	
ii) Debentures and Bonds		Nil	
iii) Units of mutual funds		Nil	
iv) Government Securities		Nil	
v) Others (please specify)		Nil	
v) onicis (picase specify)		1411	

(5) Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed as in (2) and (3) above.

Category	Amount net of provisions (Rs. in lakhs)	•			
1. Related Parties *	Secured	Unsecured	Total		
a) Subsidiaries	-	-	-		
b) Companies in the same group	-	183.05	183.05		
c) Other related parties	-	-	-		
2. Other than related parties	-	-	-		
Total	Ni	l 183.05	183.05		

6) Investor group-wise classification of all

Category	Break-up Market value or fair value or NAV	Book value (net of provision) (Rs. In Lakhs)
1. Related Parties *		
(a) Subsidiaries	Nil	Nil
(b) Companies in the same group	Nil	Nil
Cox Distillery Ltd.		8.00
Jagpin breweries Ltd		138.32
	N71	N.11
(c) Other related parties	Nil	Nil
2. Other than related parties	Nil	Nil
Total		146.32

*As per Accounting standard of ICAI

Other Information

Particulars	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
i) Gross Non-Performing Assets		
a) Related parties	-	-
b) Other than related parties	-	-
ii) Net Non-Performing Assets	-	-
a) Related parties	-	-
b) Other than related parties	-	-
iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt	-	-

27. Disclosure related to Lease Accounting Ind AS 116

The Company has entered into lease contract, this lease is cancelable, with no renewal option included in the contract. There are no restrictions placed upon the company by entring into this lease.

28. Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (Net of advances) Rs.Nil (Pr. Yr. Nil).

Goldedge estate and investments limited CIN: U70101DL1992PLC047541

Notes to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

29. Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

	As at 31st March, 2023		As at 31st March, 2022			
Particulars	Within12 Months	After 12 Months	Total	Within12 Months	After 12 Months	Total
Financial Assets						
Cash & cash equivalents	14.63	-	14.63	20.67	-	20.67
Bank Balance other than cash & cash equivalents	217.00	-	217.00	217.00	-	217.00
Loans	183.05	-	183.05	183.05	-	183.05
Investments	-	146.32	146.32	-	146.32	146.32
Other financial assets	41.66	-	41.66	29.08		29.08
Non-Financial Assets						
Current tax assets (net)	3.98	-	3.98	7.54	-	7.54
Deferred tax Assets (Net)	-	0.18	0.18	-	0.18	0.18
Total Assets	460.32	146.50	606.82	457.34	146.50	603.84
Liabilities and equity			-			-
Liabilities						
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	23.10	-	23.10	24.10	-	24.10
Non-Financial Liabilities						
Provisions	0.32		0.32	0.32		0.32
Other Non-Financial Liabilities	0.29	-	0.29	-	-	-
Total liabilities	23.71	-	23.71	24.42	-	24.42
Net	436.61	146.50	583.11	432.92	146.50	579.42

30. Fair Value Measurement

(a) Financial instrument by category

Refer to financial instruments by category table below for the disclosure on carrying value and fair value of financial assets and liabilities. For financial assets and liabilities maturing within one year from the balance sheet date and which are not carried at fair value, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories is as follows: Financial Assets

Amortised Cost	As at 31st March,2023	As at 31st March,2022
Cash & cash equivalents	14.63	20.67
Bank Balance other than cash & cash equivalents	217.00	217.00
Loans	183.05	183.05
Other financial assets	41.66	29.08
Fair value through OCI		
Investments (others)	138.32	138.32
Total	594.66	588.12
Financial Liabilities Amortised Cost Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	23.10	24.10
Total	23.10	24.09

(b) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost :

The carrying amounts of financial assts and liabilities carried at amortised cost are reasonable approximation of their fair value

(c) Fair value hierarchy

All financial instruments for which fair value is recognised or disclosed are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as whole.

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices, for example listed equity instruments, traded bonds and mutual funds that have quoted prices.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques that maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value in an instrument are observable the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

	March,2023	March,2022
	Level-3	Level-3
Fair value through OCI		
Unquoted equity investment (others)	138.32	138.32
Total	138.32	138.32

As at 31st

Davabla

As at 31st

There are no transfers among levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

31. Financial Risk Management

Financial risk management objective & policies

The Company has established a comprehensive system for risk management and internal controls for all its businesses to manage the risk that it is exposed to. The objective of its risk management framework is to ensure that various risks are identified, measured and mitigated and also that policies, procedures and standards are established to address these risks and ensure a systematic response in the case of crystallization of such risks

The Company has exposure to the following risk arising from financial instruments:

a. Credit risk

- b. Liquidity risk
- c. Market risk

The Company has established various policies with respect to such risks which set forth limits, mitigation strategies and internal controls to be implemented by the three lines of defense of approach provided below. The Board oversees the Company's risk management. It also frames and reviews risk management processes and controls.

The risk management system features a "three lines of defence" approach:

1. The first line of defence comprises its operational departments, which assume primary responsibility for their own risks and operate within the limits stipulated in various policies approved by the Board or by committees constituted by the Board.

2. The second line of defence comprises specialised departments such as risk management and compliance. They employ specialised methods to identify and assess risks faced by the operational departments and provide them with specialised risk management tools and methods, facilitate and monitor the implementation of effective risk management practices, develop monitoring tools for risk management, internal control and compliance, report risk related information and promote the adoption of appropriate risk prevention measures.

3. The third line of defence comprises the internal audit department and external audit functions. They monitor and conduct periodic evaluations of the risk management, internal control and compliance activities to ensure the adequacy of risk controls and appropriate risk governance, and provide the Board with comprehensive feedback.

a. Credit risk

It is risk of financial loss that the Company will incur a loss because its customer or counterparty to financial instruments fails to meet its contractual obligation. The Company's financial assets comprise of Cash and bank balance, Loans, Investments and Other financial assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is primarily from Company's Loans & Other financial assets

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
Loans	183.05	183.05
Investments	146.32	146.32
Other financial assets	41.66	29.08

Other financial assets considered to have a low credit risk:

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invests in deposits with banks with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies.

b. Liquidity risk

Liquidity represents the ability of the Company to generate sufficient cash flow to meet its financial obligations on time, both in normal and in stressed conditions, without having to liquidate assets or raise funds at unfavourable terms thus compromising its earnings and capital.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to generate sufficient cash flow at reasonable cost to meet expected and / or unexpected claims. It arises in the funding of lending, trading and investment activities and in the management of trading positions.

The Company aims to maintain the level of its cash and cash equivalents and other highly marketable investments at an amount in excess of expected cash outflow on financial liabilities.

Funds required for short period are taken care by borrowings from Inter Corporate Deposits.

		Payable		
	Carrying	within one	After one	Total
	Amount	year	year	Total
As at 31st March,2023				
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	23.10	23.10	-	23.10
	23.10	23.10	-	23.10
		Pava	ble	
	Carrying	within one	After one	m . 1
	Amount	vear	vear	Total
As at 31st March,2022		y	5	
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	24.10	24.10	-	24.10
	24.10	24.10	-	24.10

c. Market risk

Market risk arises when movements in market factors (foreign exchange rates, interest rates, credit spreads and equity prices) impact the Company's income or the market value of its portfolios. The Company, in its course of business, is exposed to market risk due to change in interest rates. The objective of market risk management is to maintain an acceptable level of market risk exposure while aiming to maximize returns.

i. Price Risk

The Company does not have any price risk exposure during the current year as well as in previous years.

ii. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the Company's position with regards to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of fixed rate. hence, The Company does not have any interest rate risk exposure during the current year as well as in previous years.

iii. Foreign currency risk

The Company does not have any foreign currency exposure during the current year as well as in previous years.

32. Novel coronavirus has put the whole world on alert. The businesses of the majority of the Companies are affected adversely all over the world including India. COVID-19 pandemic has hit both the organized or unorganized sectors and the Indian economy is projected to slow down in the current financial year. Due to mass lock down restriction and unexpected factors, the Company's business may also be affected in the short to medium term.

33 Code on Social Security, 2020

The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by the Company towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The draft rules for the Code on Social Security, 2020 have been released by the Ministry of Labour and Employment on November 13, 2020. The Company and its Indian subsidiary are in the process of assessing the additional impact on Provident Fund contributions and on Gratuity liability contributions and will complete their evaluation and give appropriate impact in the financial statements in the period in which the rules are notified become effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

34 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

a) **Ind AS 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements :-** This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the financial statement.

b) Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors :- This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its financial statement.

c) **Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes** - This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its financial statement.

35 Events after the reporting date

There have been no events after the reporting date that requires disclosure in these Standalone financial statements.

- 36. Previous years' figures have been regrouped/ reclassified to confirm to the current year's financial statements where necessary.
- 37. There is no proceedings initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- 38. The company is not declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.
- 39. The Company is not having any transaction not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961)
- 40. There is one satisfaction of charge pending on MCA portal amounting to Rs. 270 lakh with State Bank of Hyderabad (lender). The loan amount has already fully paid by the Company and no amount is outstanding as on 31.03.2023 but No Objection Certificate (NOC) has not been obtained from the lender. The Company is pursuing for NOC from lender but due to merger of State Bank of Hyderabad into State Bank of India, the requested NOC is not readily available, the bank has assured that NOC will be provided after reconciliation.
- 41. The Company has not entered into any transaction nor it is having any balance outstanding with struck-off companies as defined under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013.

42. Ratios	As at	As at
42. Katios	31.03.2023	31.03.2022
Capital to risk-weighted assets ratio (CRAR)	0.51	0.51
Tier I CRAR	0.51	0.51
Tier II CRAR	0.00	0.00
Liquidity Coverage Ratio	12.48	47.70

For B G G & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN :016874N

CA. Alok Kumar Bansal Partner M.No. 092854

Place: New Delhi Date:30/05/2023

For and on behalf of the Board

Jagdish Chand Agrawal Director DIN : 01898337 Kshama Agarwal Whole Time Director DIN : 02397268

Satyanshu Khare Company Secretary M.No. A63015 Nikhil Bansal Director Cum CFO DIN : 00815132

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements of **GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED** ('the Holding Company'), and its Associate (the Holding Company and its Associate together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the Consolidated Financial Statements") (the 'Company').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under Section 133 of the Act, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at 31 March 2023, and its Profit (financial performance including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statement in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SA) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI') together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no Key Audit matters to communicate in our report.

Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the Consolidated Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon. The annual report is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the Consolidated Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other

information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Company's Annual Report, if based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs (financial position), profit or loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Consolidated Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Consolidated Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- i. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- ii. Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3) (i) of the Act, we are also responsible for explaining our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

Goldedge Estate And Investments Limited

- iii. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- iv. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Consolidated Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- v. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Consolidated Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Consolidated Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Consolidated Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 197(16) of the Act, we report that the Company has not paid any remuneration to its director during the year, hence the provisions of and limits laid down under Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act is not applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the group so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated

Goldedge Estate And Investments Limited

Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.

- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) with respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

(i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which will impact its financial position in its Consolidated Financial Statements;

(ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and

(iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended 31 March 2023.

(iv) (a) The respective Managements of the Company and its subsidiary which is company incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company or any of such subsidiary to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or any of such subsidiary ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The respective Managements of the Company and its subsidiary which is company incorporated in India, whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, have represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company or any of such subsidiary from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations

Goldedge Estate And Investments Limited

under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

(v) During the year the Holding Company has not declared or paid dividend under section 123 of the Companies Act, 2013.

3. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the 'Order') issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we report that there have been no qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order (CARO) reports of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable.

For BGG&Associates Chartered Accountants FRN:- 016874N

CA Alok Kumar Bansal Partner M. No. :- 092854 UDIN :-23092854BGYPGE7689

Place :- New Delhi Date :- 30.05.2023

"Annexure A" to the Independent Auditor's Report

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' section of our report to the Member of GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of section 143 of Companies Act, 2013

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **GOLDEDGE ESTATE AND INVESTMENTS LIMITED** ('the Holding Company') and its subsidiary companies which incorporated in India as at 31 March 2023, as of that date, In conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Consolidated Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as

necessary to permit preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March, 2023, based on internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For BGG&Associates Chartered Accountants FRN:- 016874N

Place :-New Delhi Date :- 30.05.2023 CA Alok Kumar Bansal Partner M. No. :- 092854 UDIN :- 23092854BGYPGE7689

Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited Registered Office: C-115, Mansarovar Garden Ground Floor New Delhi-110015 CIN: L70101DL1992PLC047541 **Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2023**

				(Rs. in Lakhs
	Particulars	Note No.	As at	As at
	i ai ticulai s	Note No.	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
1.	ASSETS			
	Financial Assets			
(a)	Cash and cash equivalents	2.	14.63	20.6
(b)	Bank Balance other than cash & cash equivalents	3.	217.00	217.0
(c)	Loans	4.	183.05	183.0
(d)	Investments	5.	154.21	153.0
(e)	Other Financial assets	6.	41.66	29.0
		(A)	610.55	602.8
2.	Non-financial Assets			
(a)	Current tax assets (net)	7.	3.98	7.5
(b)	Deferred tax Assets (Net)	8.	0.18	0.1
		(B)	4.16	7.7
	Total Assets	(A+B)	614.71	610.5
	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
	LIABILITIES			
1.	Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Other financial liabilities	9.	23.10	24.1
		(A)	23.10	24.1
2.	Non-Financial Liabilities			
(a)	Provisions	10.	0.32	0.3
(b)	Other non-financial liabilities	11.	0.29	-
		(B)	0.61	0.3
3.	EQUITY			
(a)	Equity Share capital	12.	512.24	512.2
(b)	Other Equity	13.	78.76	73.9
		(C)	591.00	586.1
	Total Liabilities and Equity	(A+B+C)	614.71	610.5

Summary of significant accounting policies

1.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For B G G & Associates

Chartered Accountants FRN :016874N

For and on behalf of the Board

CA. Alok Kumar Bansal	Jagdish Chand Agrawal	Kshama Agarwal
Partner	Director	Whole Time Director
M.No. 092854	DIN : 01898337	DIN : 02397268
Place: New Delhi	Satyanshu Khare	Nikhil Bansal
Date:30/05/2023	Company Secretary	Director Cum CFO

Company Secretary M.No. A63015

Director Cum CFO DIN: 00815132

Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited Registered Office: C-115, Mansarovar Garden Ground Floor New Delhi-110015 CIN: L70101DL1992PLC047541 Consolidated Statement of Profit & Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2023

				(Rs. in Lakhs)
	Particulars	Note	Year Ended	Year Ended
		No.	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
	Revenue from Operations			
	Interest Income		25.87	38.78
(1)	Total Income		25.87	38.78
(1)			23.07	30.70
	Expenses			
	Finance Cost		-	6.95
	Employee Benefit Expenses		9.36	11.05
	Other Expenses	14	6.68	7.41
(II)	Total Expenses	<u> </u>	16.04	25.41
		<u> </u>	9.83	13.37
(III)	Share of Profits of Associate : Cox Distillery Private Ltd.		1.15	0.97
(IV)	Profit Before Tax (I+III-II)		10.98	14.33
an	Tay Ermonaa			
(V)	Tax Expense: Current Tax		2.40	2.20
			2.48	3.38
	Earlier Year Tax		3.67	-
(VI)	Profit for the Year (IV-V)		4.84	10.96
win	Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)			
(vii)	items that will not be reclassified to Profit & Loss			
	(a) Remeasurement of post defined employment obligations			
	(b) Income Tax relating to these items		-	_
	Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)			
	other comprehensive income (net of tax)	=	-	
(VIII)	Total Comprehensive Income (VI+VII)		4.84	10.96
(IX)	Earnings Per Equity Share of Rs. 10/- Each Paid Up			
l``	Basic & Diluted		0.09	0.21

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For B G G & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN :016874N

CA. Alok Kumar Bansal Partner M.No. 092854

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2023 For and on behalf of the Board

Jagdish Chand Agrawal Director DIN : 01898337 Kshama Agarwal Whole Time Director DIN : 02397268

Satyanshu Khare Company Secretary M.No. A63015 Nikhil Bansal Director Cum CFO DIN : 00815132

Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited Regd Office:-C-115,Ground Floor, Mansoravar Garden, New Delhi-110015 CIN: L70101DL1992PLC047541 Consolidated Cashflow for the year ended 31st March,2023

		(Rs. in Lakhs)	
	Year Ended	Year Ended March-22	
Particulars	March-23		
	(Audited)	(Audited)	
Cash Flow from Operating Activities			
Net profit before taxation & extraordinary item	10.98	14.33	
Adjustment for:			
Provision for Standard Assets	-	(1.24)	
Finance Cost	-	6.95	
Share of profits of associate	(1.15)	(0.97)	
Operating profit before working capital changes	9.83	19.07	
Adjustment for:			
Decrease/(Increase) in Other assets	(12.58)	500.35	
(Decrease)/Increase in Other liabilities	(0.71)	(40.99)	
Cash generated from operations	(3.45)	478.44	
Income Tax Paid	2.59	0.19	
Cash Flow from Operating activities (A)	(6.04)	478.25	
Cash Flow from Investing activities			
Net Cash from Investing activities (B)	-	-	
Cash Flow from Financing activities			
Proceeds from Borrowings (Other than Debt Securities)	-	(614.58)	
Finance Cost	-	(6.95)	
Net Cash Flow from Financing activities (C)		(621.53)	
Net Increase in cash & cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(6.04)	(143.27)	
Cash & Cash equivalents at beginning of year	20.67	163.94	
Cash & Cash equivalents at end of period	14.63	20.67	

Note : The above Cash flow statement has been prepared under the Indirect method setout

Summary of significant Accounting policies 1 The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date For B G G & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN :016874N

CA. Alok Kumar Bansal Partner M.No. 092854

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2023 For and on behalf of the Board

Jagdish Chand Agrawal	Kshama Agarwal
Director	Whole Time Director
DIN : 01898337	DIN : 02397268

Nikhil Bansal
Director Cum CFO
DIN:00815132

Goldedge Estate and Investments Limited CIN: L70101DL1992PLC047541 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2023

(a) Equity Share Capital		
	No. of Shares	(Rs. in Lakhs)
As at April 1, 2021	51,22,400	512
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	51,22,400	512
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
As at March 31, 2023	51,22,400	512

(b) Other Equity

Particulars	Retained Earnings	Statutory Reserve (Reserve Fund)	General Reserve	FVOCI-Equity instruments	Total
Balance as at April 1, 2021	49.04	6.35	0.20	7.38	62.97
Profit for the year	10.96	-	-	-	10.96
Transferred to Reserve fund	(2.19)	2.19	-	-	-
Balance as at 31st March,2022	57.80	8.54	0.20	7.38	73.93
Profit for the year	4.84	-	-	-	4.84
Transferred to Reserve fund	(0.97)	0.97	-	-	-
Balance as at 31th March, 2023	61.67	9.51	0.20	7.38	78.76

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached

For B G G & Associates Chartered Accountants

FRN :016874N

CA. Alok Kumar Bansal Partner M.No. 092854

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2023 For and on behalf of the Board

Jagdish Chand Agrawal Director DIN : 01898337

Director DIN : 02397268

Satyanshu Khare Company Secretary M.No. A63015 Nikhil Bansal CFO Cum Director DIN : 00815132

Kshama Agarwal

(Rs. in Lakhs)

1. Basis of Preparation, Measurement & Significant Accounting policies

1.1 Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires that the management of the company makes estimates & assumption that affect the reported amount of Income & expense of the period, the reported balances of assets & liabilities & the disclosure relating to contingent liabilities as of the date of financial statement. The estimates & underlying assumption are reviewed on on-going basis. Revision to the accounting estimates include useful lives of property plant & equipment, fair value measurement, allowances for doubtful advances etc. Differences, if any between the actual results & estimates is recognised in the period in which the results are known.

1.2 Revenue Recognition

Incomes from Operations are accounted for on accrual basis.

1.3 Financial Instrument

Financial Assets / Financial Liabilities are recognised when the company becomes party to a contract. All financial assets, financial liabilities & financial guarantee obligation are initially measured at transaction value & where such values are different from the fair value, at fair value. Transaction cost that are attributable to the the acquisition or issue of financial assets & liability (other than financial assets & liabilities at fair value through profit & loss account) are added to or deducted from as the case may be, the fair value of such assets or liabilities, on initial recognition. Transaction cost directly attributable to acquisition of financial assets/ liability at fair value through profit or loss account are recognised immediately in statement of profit & loss account.

FINANCIAL ASSETS

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Subsequent measurement

For the purpose of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified into:

Amortized cost (FVTAC): -The Company classifies the financial assets at amortised cost if the contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and the assets are held under a business model to collect contractual cash flows. The gains and losses resulting from fluctuations in fair value are not recognised for financial assets classified in amortised cost measurement category.

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): The Company classifies the financial assets as FVOCI if the contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding and the Company's business model is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flow and selling financial assets. In case of debt instruments measured at FVOCI, changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. The impairment gains or losses, foreign exchange gains or losses and interest calculated using the effective interest method are recognised in profit or loss. On de-recognition, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is re-classified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment. In case of equity instruments irrevocably designated at FVOCI, gains/ losses including relating to foreign exchange, are recognised through other comprehensive income. Further, cumulative gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income remain permanently in equity and are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss on derecognition.

Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): The financial assets are classified as FVTPL if these do not meet the criteria for classifying at amortised cost or FVOCI. Further, in certain cases to eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency (accounting mismatch), the Company irrevocably designates certain financial instruments at FVTPL at initial recognition. In case of financial assets measured at FVTPL, changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Profit or loss on sale of investments is determined on the basis of first-in-first-out (FIFO) basis.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or

- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (e.g. as prices) or indirectly (e.g. derived from the prices).

Level 3: inputs for the current assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Based on the Company's business model for managing the investments, the Company has classified its investments and Inventories at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. For trade and other payables the carrying amount approximates the fair value due to short maturity of these instruments.

Impairment of Financial Assets

(i) Subsequent to Initial recognition, the company recognises expected credit loss (ECL) on financial assets measured at amortised cost. ECL on such financial assets, other than loan assets, is measured at an amount equal to life time expected credit loss.

(ii) The company measures ECL on loan assets at an amount equal to life time expected credit loss if there is credit impairment or there has been significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If there is no significant increase in credit risk, the company measures ECL at an amount equal to 12 months ECL. When making the assessment of whether there has been significant increase on initial recognition, the company considers reasonable & supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. If the company measures loss allowance as lifetime ECL in the previous periods, but determines in a subsequent period that there has been no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition due to improvement in credit quality, the company again measures the loss allowance based on 12months ECL.

ECL is measured on individual basis for credit impaired loan assets, and on other loan assets it is generally measured on collective basis using homogenous Company.

The Impairment losses & reversals are recognised in Statement of Profit & loss account.

De-recognition

A financial asset is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's Balance Sheet) when:

(i) The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the asset has expired, or

(ii) The Company has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset or the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial liabilities are initially measured at the amortised cost unless at initial recognition, they are classified as fair value through profit and loss. In case of trade payables, they are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently, these liabilities are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Financial liabilities carried at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with all changes in fair value recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss

De-recognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognise financial liabilities when, and only when, the company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised & the consideration paid & payable is recognised in the statement of profit & loss account.

1.4 Investments

Equity investment in associates are carried at historical cost as per the accounting policy choice given by Ind AS 27.

1.5 Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at acquisition cost net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequently Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss within other income or other expense.

1.6 Depreciation

Depreciation on Property, Plant & Equipment is provided on straight-line basis over the estimated useful life as prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013. The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

1.7 Borrowing Cost

Interest and other borrowing costs attributable to qualifying assets are capitalised. Other interest and borrowing costs are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss.

1.8 Cash & Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in statement of cash flow, cash & cash equivalents includes cash on hand, other short term, highly liquid Investment with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertiable to known amount of cash & which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

1.9 Tax Expenses

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the comprehensive income or in equity. In which case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.

Current Tax: Current tax is the expected tax payable/receivable on the taxable income/ loss for the year using applicable tax rates at the Balance Sheet date, and any adjustment to taxes in respect of previous years.

Deferred Tax: Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purpose and the amounts for tax purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized, for all deductible temporary differences, to the extent it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

The tax effects of income tax losses, available for carry forward, are recognized as deferred tax asset, when it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these losses can be set-off.

1.10 Earnings Per Share

Basic Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit for the period attributed to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Particulars	As at 31.03.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Cash and Bank Balances		
- Balance with Banks	14.62	20.61
- Cash on Hand	0.01	0.05
	14.63	20.67
- FDR with maturity within 3 to 12 Months		217.00 217.00
	183.05	183.05
Loan to others	183.05	183.05
Less: Unamortised fees	-	-
	183.05	183.05
	183.05	183.05
Classification of loss according to convrite		
		-
	183.05	183.05
	183.05	183.05
		- 183.05
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	183.05	183.05
Total (c) (i) Gross	183.05	183.05
		- 183.05
	105.05	105.05
	-	-
		-
1 otal (c) (11) Net	-	-
Total (c) (i)+(ii) net	183.05	183.05
	15.89	14.74
Other entities (unquoted)		
Investments at fair value through OCI		
	138.32	138.32
	154.21	153.06
	-	
i otar net	154.21	153.06
Note:		
(a) Aggregate amount of unquoted investments-at cost	154.21	153.06
	- Cash on Hand Analog Section 2.	Cash and Cash Equivalents 14.62 - Cash on Hand 0.01 - Cash on Hand 0.01 Banke with maturity within 3 to 12 Months 217.00 Loans (Carried at Fair Value through Amortised Cost) 217.00 Loan to related party 183.05 Less: Inpairment on financial instruments - - Total (a) Gross 183.05 Less: Inpairment on financial instruments - - Total (a) Net 183.05 Less: Inpairment on financial instruments - - Total (a) Net 183.05 Less: Inpairment Loss allowance - - Total (b) Net 183.05 Less: Inpairment Loss allowance - - Total (b) Net 183.05 Less: Inpairment Loss allowance - - Total (c) (ii) Net - Less: Inpairment Loss allowance - - Total (c) (ii) Net - Less: Inpairment Loss allowance - - Total (c) (iii) Net - Less: Inpairment Loss allowance - - Total (c) (iii) Net - Less: Inpairment Loss allowance -

6.	Other Financial Assets		
	Accrued interest	41.66	29.08
		41.66	29.08
7.	Tax Assets & Liabilities		
	Current tax assets (net)	6.45	7.54
	Current tax liabilities (net)	2.48	-
		3.98	7.54
8.	Deffered Tax (Liabilities)/Assets		
	Deferred tax assets		
	Provision on Standard Assets	0.18	0.18
	Deffered Tax (Liabilities)/Assets (net) (a-b)	0.18	0.18
9.	Other Financial Liability		
	Expenses Payable	23.10	24.10
	Other payables		-
		23.10	24.10
10.	Provisions		
	Provision on Standard Assets	0.73	0.73
	Provision on Income Tax (Net of Prepaid Taxes)	(0.41)	(0.41)
		0.32	0.32
11.	Other Non-Financial liabilities		
	Statutory Dues	0.29	-
		0.29	-
12.	Share Capital		
	Authorised Capital	550.00	5 500 00
	55,00,000 (P.Y.: 55,00,000) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each	550.00	5,500.00
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Capital		
	51,22,400 (P.Y.: 51,22,400) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each, Issued for Cash	512.24	512.24
		512.24	5,12,24,000.00

(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning & end of the reporting period.

	As at 31.0	3.2023
Equity Shares	No.	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
At the Beginning of the period	51,22,400	512.24
Issued during the period	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the period	51,22,400	512.24
	As at 31.0	3.2022
Equity Shares	No.	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
At the Beginning of the period	51,22,400	512.24
Issued during the period	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the period	51,22,400	512.24

(b) Terms/ Rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each Holder of Equity Shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The Dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution

of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by shareholders.

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares.

	As at 31.03.2023	
	No.	% holding in the class
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up		
New Wave Chemicals P. Ltd.	6,88,300	0.13
Neeti Consultants P. Ltd.	9,68,500	0.19
	16,56,800	0.32
	As at 31.03	3.2022
	No.	% holding in the class
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up		
New Wave Chemicals P. Ltd.	6,88,300	0.13
Neeti Consultants P. Ltd.	9,68,500	0.19
	16,56,800	0.32

(d) Other details of Equity Shares for a period of five years immediately preceding 31st March 2023

Particulars	As at 31.12.2023	As at 31.03.2022
- Aggregate number of shares alloted as fully paid up pursuant to Contract without being received in cash	Nil	Nil
- Aggregate number of shares alloted as per fully paid up bonus shares	Nil	Nil
- Aggregate number of shares bought back	Nil	Nil

(e) Details of Shares held by Promoters at end of year

	% Change During the Year			
S.No.	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	
1	Mr. J.C. Agarwal	423900	8.28	-
2	Mr. B.C. Agarwal	158500	3.09	-
3	Nikhil Bansal	147900	2.89	-
4	Radha Agarwal	90000	1.76	-
5	Kshama Agarwal	90000	1.76	-
6	B.C Agarwal HUF	71500	1.40	-
7	J.C Agarwal HUF	70000	1.37	-
8	Sonal Agarwal	40000	0.78	-
9	Neeti Consultants Private Limited	968500	18.91	-
10	New Wave Chemicals Pvt Ltd	688300	13.44	-
Total		2748600	53.66	

	% Change During the Year			
S.No.	Promoter Name	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares	
1	Mr. J.C. Agarwal	423900	8.28	-
2	Mr. B.C. Agarwal	158500	3.09	-
3	Nikhil Bansal	147900	2.89	-
4	Radha Agarwal	90000	1.76	-
5	Kshama Agarwal	90000	1.76	-
6	B.C Agarwal HUF	71500	1.40	-
7	J.C Agarwal HUF	70000	1.37	-
8	Sonal Agarwal	40000	0.78	-
9	Neeti Consultants Private Limited	968500	18.91	-
10	New Wave Chemicals Pvt Ltd	688300	13.44	-
Total		2748600	53.66	

13. Other Equity	As at 31.12.2023	As at 31.03.2022
Retained Earnings	61.67	57.80
Statutory Reserve (Reserve Fund)	9.51	8.54
General Reserve	0.20	0.20
Other Reserves*	7.38	7.38
	78.76	73.93

*The company has elected to recognise changes in the fair value of investments in unquoted equity instruments in other comprehensive income. These changes are accumulated within the FVTOCI equity investments within equity.

14. Other Expenses		
Audit Fee	0.77	0.50
AGM Exp	0.14	-
Rent	1.80	1.80
Travelling Expenses	-	0.02
Legal & Professional Expense	2.40	2.50
Provision for Standard Assets	(0.00)	(0.00)
Advertisement	0.39	0.28
Office Expenditure	0.03	0.23
Compliance Fee	0.65	1.75
Misc Expenditure	0.30	0.30
Bank Charges	0.02	-
Earlier Year Tax	0.18	-
Interest on Income Tax	-	0.05
	6.68	7.41

	· · ·		Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	
		_	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
15. Contingent Liabilities		-	Nil	Nil

16. Segment Reporting

The company is operating merely in one segmant investment & financing activity, hence Segment reporting as required under Indian Accounting Standard 108 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Afffairs is not applicable.

17. Related Party Transactions

(a) Related Parties With Whom Transactions Have Taken Place During The Period

Key Management Personnel / Directors & their relatives	Jagdish Chand Agarwal	-Director
	Bipin Chand Agarwal Mudit Agarwal	-Director -Relative of Director
Enterprises owned or significantly influenced by key management personnel		
	Jagpin Breweries Ltd. Cox Distillery Private Ltd. Neeti Consultants Pvt. Ltd. Nowgong Roadways Pvt. Ltd K R International Pvt. Ltd Starlight Bruchem Limited New Wave Chemicals Pvt.Ltd. Om Machineries Pvt. Ltd. Jagpin Bottelers Pvt. Ltd.	

(b) Transactions With Related parties	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs) 2022-23	Amo <u>unt (Rs. in Lakhs)</u> 2021-22
Interest Earned		
Starlight bruchem Ltd.	11.90	11.19
K R International Pvt. Ltd.		
Rental Expenditure	1.80	1.80
Payment of Rental Expendure	1.80	3.15
Expenses Incurred on behalf of the Company		
Jagpin Breweries Ltd.	3.03	7.65
(c) Balance outstanding at the end of the Period		
Due From		
Starlight Bruchem Limited	183.05	183.05
18. Amount paid/payable to Auditors		Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
Particulars	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Audit Fees	0.54	0.50

19. In the opinion of Board of Directors, all the Current Assets, Loans and Advances have a value on realization in the ordinary course of business at least equal to the amount at which they are stated, except those stated otherwise and that all the known liabilities relating to the period have been provided for.

20. No provision for gratuity has been made, as no employee has put in the qualifying period of service for entitlement to this benefit under the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

21. In the opinion of Board of directors, none of the assets /cash generating units of the company is impaired.

- 22. Managerial remuneration paid / payable: Nil (Pr. Year: Nil).
- 23. Income / expenditure incurred in foreign currency Nil (Previous Year: Nil).

24. Earnings Per Share

Particulars	31st March, 2023	31st March, 2022
Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares	51.22.400	51.22.400
at the Beginning of the year	51,22,400	51,22,400
Allotted during the Period	-	-
Outstanding Number of Shares at the period end	51,22,400	51,22,400
Weighted number of Shares	51,22,400	51,22,400
Net Profit after Tax (Rs. in lakh)	4.84	10.96
Earning Per Share (Rs.) - Basic & Diluted	0.09	0.21

25. As per the RBI, Compliances Provison on standard Asset is made, 0.40% of Total Assets.

26. Schedule in terms of paragraph 13 of "Non-Systematically Important Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016"

Amount (Rs. in La		
Liabilities Side :	Amount Outstanding	Amount Overdue
(1) Loans and advances availed by the		
a) Debentures : Secured	-	-
: Unsecured (other than falling within the	-	-
meaning of public deposits)		
b) Deferred credits	-	-
c) Term loans	-	-
d) Inter-corporate loans & borrowings	-	-
e) Commercial paper	-	-
f) Other loans – (specify nature)	-	-

Assets side :		Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
(2) Break-up of Loans and advances inclu	ding bills receivables [other than those included in (3) below	
:]		
a) Secured		Nil
b) Unsecured		Nil
(3) Break-up of Leased Assets and stock	on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities	Nil
i) Lease assets including lease rentals u	nder sundry debtors	
	a) Financial lease	Nil
	b) Operating lease	Nil
ii) Stock on hire including hire charges		Nil
	a) Assets on hire	Nil
	b) Repossessed assets	Nil
iii) Other Loans counting towards AFC activities		Nil
	a) Loans where assets have been repossessed	Nil
	b) Loans other than (a) above	Nil
(4) Break-up of Investments :		
Current Investments : 1. Quoted :		
i) Shares :		
ij blures.	a) Equity	Nil
	b) Preference	Nil
ii) Debentures and Bonds		Nil
iii) Units of mutual funds		Nil
iv) Government Securities		Nil
v) Others (please specify)		Nil
2. Unquoted :		
i) Shares :		Nil
	a) Equity	Nil
	b) Preference	Nil
ii) Debentures and Bonds		Nil
iii) Units of mutual fundsiv) Government Securities		Nil Nil
v) Others (please specify)		Nil
Long Term Investments :		1411
1) Quoted		
i) Shares :		Nil
-	a) Equity	Nil
	b) Preference	Nil
ii) Debentures and Bonds		Nil
iii) Units of mutual funds		Nil
iv) Government Securities		Nil
v) Others (please specify)		Nil
2. Unquoted :	a) Fauitu	154.21
i) Shares :	a) Equity b) Preference	154.21
	UJ I TETETETICE	Nil Nil
ii) Debentures and Bonds		Nil
iii) Units of mutual funds		Nil
iv) Government Securities		Nil
v) Others (please specify)		Nil

(5) Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed as in (2) and (3) above.

Category	Amount net of provisions Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)		
1. Related Parties *	Secured	Unsecured	Total
a) Subsidiaries	-	-	-
b) Companies in the same group	-	183.05	183.05
c) Other related parties	-	-	-
2. Other than related parties	-	-	-
Total	Nil	183.05	183.05

6) Investor group-wise classification of all

Category	Break-up Market value or fair value or NAV	Book value (net of provision) (Rs. in Lakhs)
1. Related Parties *		
(a) Subsidiaries	Nil	Nil
(b) Companies in the same group	Nil	Nil
Cox Distillery Private Ltd.		15.89
Jagpin breweries Ltd		138.32
(c) Other related parties	Nil	Nil
2. Other than related parties	Nil	Nil
Total		154.21

*As per Accounting standard of ICAI

Other Information

Particulars	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)	Amount (Rs. in Lakhs)
i) Gross Non-Performing Assets		
a) Related parties	-	-
b) Other than related parties	-	-
ii) Net Non-Performing Assets	-	-
a) Related parties	-	-
b) Other than related parties	-	-
iii) Assets acquired in satisfaction of debt	-	-

27. Disclosure related to Lease Accounting Ind AS 116

The Company has entered into lease contract, this lease is cancelable, with no renewal option included in the contract. There are no restrictions placed upon the company by entring into this lease.

28. Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (Net of advances) Rs.Nil (Pr. Yr. Nil).

Goldedge estate and investments limited CIN: U70101DL1992PLC047541 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2023

29. Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

Amount (<u>Rs. in Lakhs)</u>

The table below shows an analysis of assets and liabilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.	
The fable below shows an analysis of assets and habilities analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.	
The table below shows an analysis of assets and habindes analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered of settled.	

	As	at 31st March, 2	2023	As	at 31st March, 2	022
Particulars	Within12	After 12	Total	Within12	After 12	Total
Particulars	Months	Months	Total	Months	Months	Total
Financial Assets						
Cash & cash equivalents	14.63	-	14.63	20.67	-	20.67
Bank Balance other than cash & cash equivalents	217.00	-	217.00	217.00	-	217.00
Loans	183.05	-	183.05	183.05	-	183.05
Investments	-	154.21	154.21	-	153.06	153.06
Other financial assets	41.66		41.66	29.08	-	29.08
Non-Financial Assets						
Current tax assets (net)	3.98	-	3.98	7.54	-	7.54
Deferred tax Assets (Net)	-	0.18	0.18	-	0.18	0.18
Total Assets	460.32	154.40	614.71	456.84	153.25	610.09
Liabilities and equity						
Liabilities						
Financial Liabilities						
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	23.10	-	23.10	24.10	-	24.10
Non-Financial Liabilities						
Provisions	0.32		0.32	0.32		0.32
Other Non-Financial Liabilities	0.29	-	0.29	-	-	-
Total liabilities	23.71	-	23.71	24.42	-	24.42
Net	436.61	154.40	591.00	432.42	153.25	585.67

30. Fair Value Measurement

(a) Financial instrument by category

Refer to financial instruments by category table below for the disclosure on carrying value and fair value of financial assets and liabilities. For financial assets and liabilities maturing within one year from the balance sheet date and which are not carried at fair value, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories is as follows: Financial Assets

Filancial Assets		
	As at	As at
Amortised Cost	31st	31st
	March,2023	March,2022
Cash & cash equivalents	14.63	20.67
Bank Balance other than cash & cash equivalents	217.00	217.00
Loans	183.05	183.05
Other financial assets	41.66	29.08
Fair value through OCI		
Investments (others)	138.32	138.32
Total	594.66	588.12
Financial Liabilities		
Amortised Cost		
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	23.10	24.10
Total	23.10	24.10

(b) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost :

The carrying amounts of financial assts and liabilities carried at amortised cost are reasonable approximation of their fair value

(c) Fair value hierarchy

All financial instruments for which fair value is recognised or disclosed are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as whole.

Level 1: Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices, for example listed equity instruments, traded bonds and mutual funds that have quoted prices.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques that maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value in an instrument are observable the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

	As at	As at
	31st	31st
	March.2023	March.2022
	Level-3	Level-3
Fair value through OCI		
Unquoted equity investment (others)	138.32	138.32
Total	138.32	138.32

There are no transfers among levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

31. Financial Risk Management

Financial risk management objective & policies

The Company has established a comprehensive system for risk management and internal controls for all its businesses to manage the risk that it is exposed to. The objective of its risk management framework is to ensure that various risks are identified, measured and mitigated and also that policies, procedures and standards are established to address these risks and ensure a systematic response in the case of crystallization of such risks.

The Company has exposure to the following risk arising from financial instruments:

- a. Credit risk
- b. Liquidity risk
- c. Market risk

The Company has established various policies with respect to such risks which set forth limits, mitigation strategies and internal controls to be implemented by the three lines of defense of approach provided below. The Board oversees the Company's risk management. It also frames and reviews risk management processes and controls.

The risk management system features a "three lines of defence" approach:

1. The first line of defence comprises its operational departments, which assume primary responsibility for their own risks and operate within the limits stipulated in various policies approved by the Board or by committees constituted by the Board.

2. The second line of defence comprises specialised departments such as risk management and compliance. They employ specialised methods to identify and assess risks faced by the operational departments and provide them with specialised risk management tools and methods, facilitate and monitor the implementation of effective risk management practices, develop monitoring tools for risk management, internal control and compliance, report risk related information and promote the adoption of appropriate risk prevention measures.

3. The third line of defence comprises the internal audit department and external audit functions. They monitor and conduct periodic evaluations of the risk management, internal control and compliance activities to ensure the adequacy of risk controls and appropriate risk governance, and provide the Board with comprehensive feedback.

a. Credit risk

It is risk of financial loss that the Company will incur a loss because its customer or counterparty to financial instruments fails to meet its contractual obligation. The Company's financial assets comprise of Cash and bank balance, Loans, Investments and Other financial assets.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is primarily from Company's Loans & Other financial assets.

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2023	As at 31st March, 2022
Loans	183.05	183.05
Investments	154.21	153.06
Other financial assets	41.66	29.08

Other financial assets considered to have a low credit risk:

Credit risk on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company generally invests in deposits with banks with high credit ratings assigned by international and domestic credit rating agencies.

b. Liquidity risk

Other Financial Liabilities

Liquidity represents the ability of the Company to generate sufficient cash flow to meet its financial obligations on time, both in normal and in stressed conditions, without having to liquidate assets or raise funds at unfavourable terms thus compromising its earnings and capital.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to generate sufficient cash flow at reasonable cost to meet expected and / or unexpected claims. It arises in the funding of lending, trading and investment activities and in the management of trading positions.

The Company aims to maintain the level of its cash and cash equivalents and other highly marketable investments at an amount in excess of expected cash outflow on financial liabilities.

Funds required for short period are taken care by borrowings from Inter Corporate Deposits.

		Pa	yable	
As at 31st March,2023	Carrying Amount	within one vear	After one year	Total
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	23.10	23.10	-	23.10
	23.10	23.10	-	23.10
	Carrying Amount	Pa within one vear	yable After one year	Total
As at 31st March,2022				
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	-	-	-	-

24.10

24.10

24.10

24.10

24.10

24.10

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c. Market risk

Market risk arises when movements in market factors (foreign exchange rates, interest rates, credit spreads and equity prices) impact the Company's income or the market value of its portfolios. The Company, in its course of business, is exposed to market risk due to change in interest rates. The objective of market risk management is to maintain an acceptable level of market risk exposure while aiming to maximize returns.

i. Price Risk

The Company does not have any price risk exposure during the current year as well as in previous years.

ii. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. In order to optimize the Company's position with regards to interest income and interest expenses and to manage the interest rate risk, treasury performs a comprehensive corporate interest rate risk management by balancing the proportion of fixed rate. hence, The Company does not have any interest rate risk exposure during the current year as well as in previous years.

iii. Foreign currency risk

The Company does not have any foreign currency exposure during the current year as well as in previous years.

32. Novel coronavirus has put the whole world on alert. The businesses of the majority of the Companies are affected adversely all over the world including India. COVID-19 pandemic has hit both the organized or unorganized sectors and the Indian economy is projected to slow down in the current financial year. Due to mass lock down restriction and unexpected factors, the Company's business may also be affected in the short to medium term.

33 Code on Social Security, 2020

The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which would impact the contributions by the Company towards Provident Fund and Gratuity. The draft rules for the Code on Social Security, 2020 have been released by the Ministry of Labour and Employment on November 13, 2020. The Company and its Indian subsidiary are in the process of assessing the additional impact on Provident Fund contributions and on Gratuity liability contributions and will complete their evaluation and give appropriate impact in the financial statements in the period in which the rules are notified become effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

34 Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. On March 31, 2023, MCA amended the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023, as below:

a) **Ind AS 1** - **Presentation of Financial Statements :-** This amendment requires the entities to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and the impact of the amendment is insignificant in the financial statement.

b) Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors :- This amendment has introduced a definition of 'accounting estimates' and included amendments to Ind AS 8 to help entities distinguish changes in accounting policies from changes in accounting estimates. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its financial statement.

c) **Ind AS 12 - Income Taxes -** This amendment has narrowed the scope of the initial recognition exemption so that it does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal and offsetting temporary differences. The effective date for adoption of this amendment is annual periods beginning on or after April 1, 2023. The Company has evaluated the amendment and there is no impact on its financial statement.

35 Events after the reporting date

There have been no events after the reporting date that requires disclosure in these financial statements.

36. Previous years' figures have been regrouped/ reclassified to confirm to the current year's financial statements where necessary.

37. Disclosure regarding relationship with Struck-off Companies

The Company has not entered into any transaction nor it is having any balance outstanding with struck-off companies as defined under section 248 of Companies Act, 2013.

As per our report of even date attached

For B G G & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN :016874N

CA. Alok Kumar Bansal Partner M.No. 092854

Place: New Delhi Date: 30/05/2023 For and on behalf of the Board

Jagdish Chand Agrawal Director DIN : 01898337 Kshama Agarwal Whole Time Director DIN : 02397268

Satyanshu Khare Company Secretary M.No. A63015 Nikhil Bansal CFO Cum Director DIN : 00815132